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CSUSA Standard School Technology Plan (2014)

The following Standard School Technology Plan is a guideline to provide CSUSA schools with the tools, services and support necessary for success. The recommendations below do not imply strict adherence to these standards nor are CSUSA schools limited from going beyond these recommendations. Variations in school size, community interest, budgetary concerns and educational focus are taken into consideration when implementing technology in our schools. Regardless of school differences, the mission and vision remains the same.

Mission Statement:

The mission of CSUSA's Information Technology department for its schools is to leverage technology to:

- Enable the most efficient and effective means of facilitating student learning
- Enable CSUSA stakeholders to live, learn, and work successfully in an increasingly complex and information-rich society

CSUSA's Technology Vision:

- All CSUSA teachers have the training and support they need to use technology to enhance student learning
- All CSUSA stakeholders are technologically literate
- All CSUSA stakeholders have access to advanced/state of the art technology
- Effective software and online learning resources will be an integral part of every school's curricula
- Technology is used to communicate ideas and provide a network of support to and among all CSUSA stakeholders
- Technology is used to improve efficiency, increase manageability and reduce cost
- All CSUSA stakeholders use technology in a safe, legal, ethical and socially responsible manner

Connectivity

In order to have the connectivity necessary to operate in a safe and efficient manner, each CSUSA school will have the following:

- Internet access with sufficient upload and download bandwidth to support the school in both size and activity
- Phone service to support sufficient simultaneous calls in and out of the school

- An appropriate number of standard POTS lines to support faxes, alarms, elevator phones, etc. as needed
- A secure, high-speed connection to other CSUSA schools for communication, distribution and support needs
- Connection to District or sponsor systems as needed

Physical Network

The physical network consists of the internal wiring and essential equipment necessary for network-based services to operate. Although each school may require different physical layouts, CSUSA standards require the following:

- Category 6 (Cat-6) twisted pair wiring throughout the building to enable Gigabit Ethernet network traffic
- 802.11g/n-compatible wireless access points in sufficient quantity and appropriate locations to cover both area and bandwidth requirements
- Layer 2/3 Gigabit Ethernet switches to enable VoIP and network traffic at acceptable service levels
- Gigabit Ethernet connections between services and essential equipment
- Fiber optic connections between buildings and floors

Security

Security is vital in a school environment both for safety, privacy and compliancy. To accomplish these goals, CSUSA employs hardware-, software- and procedural-based security including the following:

- A closed TCP/IP-based network protected externally through a firewall
- Virtual local access networks (VLANs) to separate network traffic and avoid service interruptions
- Implementation of best practices to prevent unauthorized access to network equipment
- SSL encryption on CSUSA-based Internet services
- WPA2 encryption on all wireless access points
- Anti-virus/anti-malware software on all computers
- Content filtering to protect against inappropriate access
- Individual accounts with passwords
- Network-based permissions assigned to individuals and/or groups
- Computer- and network-based configurations to minimize alterations that could lead to security compromises and/or loss of functionality
- Limited access to network equipment and servers
- Security cameras throughout the school with recording and search capabilities
- Visitor screening and pass equipment or services located in the front office
- Strict policies and procedures on accessing accounts and information

In addition to the above, all staff, students and parents are subject to CSUSA's Computer System and Internet Policy. This policy outlines access restrictions, acceptable use and consequences of violating the policy. This policy is part of CSUSA's Employee Handbook and part of a student's registration packet and is a requirement of employment or enrollment in a CSUSA-operated school or corporate office.

Communication

Communication is essential to normal operation of a school and critical in emergencies. CSUSA provides multiple methods for communication within and outside of the classroom. Among these are the following:

- Voice over IP (VoIP) phone system to simplify wiring infrastructure, minimize utility needs and expenses and provide remote manageability
- PA system, intercom and/or phone system in every classroom, office and other gathering areas to allow for school-wide announcements and communication to the main office
- Callout system or service to alert parents and/or staff of important or emergency information
- Method to create and distribute internal video broadcasts throughout the school
- Access to CSUSA authorized Student Information System (SIS)
- A custom school website

Network-Based Tools and Services

An internal network provides the infrastructure necessary to allow all users to access resources and services required to perform standard business and instructional activities. Each school runs a stand-alone school-based network following CSUSA's standard network configuration. This configuration is the result of many years of onsite experience at the school level in addition to best practices for manageability and support and includes functionality such as the following:

- File management including access to public and private folders for storage and security of data
- Print management to enable printing network-based printers and/or copiers
- Scripting to facilitate access to resources
- Security permissions to prevent access to unauthorized resources or to permit access to shared resources

While CSUSA employs a standard design for internal networks, each school is unique in the applications and services that are used. Those applications and services are implemented in a standard way to maintain manageability and support.

To establish a local network, one or more servers are required. These servers incorporate the necessary resources and capabilities required to operate a local network and provide

room for expansion. In addition, manageability features such as redundancy and rapid onsite support warranties avoid or eliminate unscheduled interruptions in service.

Business Tools

CSUSA provides all staff and student computers with access to standard business tools. CSUSA aims to standardize software versions, provide cross platforms to reduce support costs and enable users to easily move from one system to another. Free and open-source software is used where feasible. Some of the typical business tools provided are the following:

- CSUSA's authorized SIS to provide tools for various school needs
- Microsoft Office-compatible office productivity suite including applications for word processing, presentations and spreadsheets
- Application supporting reading writing and/or reading of Adobe PDF formatted documents
- Web-based email for standard business communication to enable platform independence and reduce training
- Standard browser plug-ins and stand alone applications to provide access to common multimedia formats

Educational Tools and Services

Although educational tools and services are individual to each school, CSUSA schools will typically use a common set of tools and services that have been proven to be effective. In addition, schools within a region may have common tools and services provided by a District, state or sponsor. CSUSA's IT Department is charged with providing recommendations and support for all such educational tools and services in order to ensure success.

Standardized Testing

As more state standardized tests are becoming computer-based, it is essential that schools have computer equipment that meets testing requirements and in sufficient numbers to accommodate simultaneous testing. Typically student classroom computers, media center and/or mobile computing lab equipment will be repurposed during these testing periods, as necessary, to minimize inventory and costs while providing this essential need.

In addition to the number of testing-approved devices, sufficient bandwidth must be available for successful testing. There are several factors for sufficient bandwidth including total Internet bandwidth, wireless coverage and wireless density. There are many methods to address these issues, depending on the connectivity of devices, location and equipment availability.

Classroom Equipment

Classrooms are the primary focus of school technology and to a large degree determine the infrastructure needs of the school. CSUSA promotes the use of technology in the classroom through versatile and interactive equipment in combination with valuable content and services. A standard CSUSA classroom typically contains the following:

- 1 teacher laptop to provide full and mobile access to resources and services
- 1 multimedia display with interactive capabilities sufficiently large enough for a classroom setting
- 1 document camera for display of physical documents and items
- A minimum of 4 student computers to provide sufficient access to resources and services for small groups or a minimum of 7 for online textbooks and curriculum
- Headphones with microphone for all student computers
- Multimedia stations for small groups to enhance reading comprehension (for primary grades)
- · Access to printing in a convenient but cost-effective and supportable manner
- A system with sufficient access for all students in the class to provide instant feedback for teachers.
- Public Announcement (PA) system
- In-room phone and voicemail to allow parent/teacher communication
- Access to in-house and external video feeds

Teacher Workroom

A dedicated teacher workroom provides space for teachers to work outside of the classroom, collaborate with peers and access resources without disrupting class. Teacher workrooms typically include:

- Multiple teacher stations with power for laptop use
- Networked printers and/or copiers for printing capabilities

Computer Lab Equipment

The primary function of a computer lab is to provide all students in the classroom with their own computer. For this reason, each computer lab requires additional infrastructure in place, such as additional power, data and air conditioning to support equipment. Full computer labs are the preference for middle and high school grade levels. Typical to a computer lab is the following:

- 1 teacher laptop to provide full and mobile access to resources and services
- 30 student desktops to provide full access to resources and services with sufficient power, storage capacity and usability needed for a wider variety of specialized software not typically available in classrooms
- Headphones for all student computers

- 1 multimedia display with interactive capabilities
- 1 document camera for display of physical documents and items
- Access to a dedicated workgroup-class printer to provide convenience and durability
- Screen and application sharing software to allow teachers to display one or more student computers to the class and/or allow for monitoring

Mobile Computer Labs

Mobile computer labs provide schools with the ability to provide classrooms with a computer for each child without the need to utilize the computer lab itself. The number of mobile labs is dependent on the school with the recommendation that one mobile lab is present for each standard computer lab. A mobile lab is the preference for elementary grade levels. A typical mobile lab will include the following:

- 25-30 laptops or portable computers
- A cart with sufficient storage and recharging capabilities with consideration for ease of use to minimize time to load and unload
- A dedicated wireless access point is preferred to provide sufficient dedicated bandwidth for online activity and testing

Media Center Equipment

Media centers are typically a hybrid of a traditional library and a small computer lab. As such, the infrastructure needs of a media center are similar to computer labs but are geared for individual research and presentations rather than instruction. Media centers will typically have the following:

- 1 media specialist desktop to provide full access to research materials and services while usable for significant online reading
- 6-12 student desktops to provide access to research materials and services while usable for significant online reading
- Headphones and microphones for all student computers
- Access to a dedicated workgroup-class color printer to provide convenience and durability
- Projector, screen and sound system to enable presentations to small to medium sized groups
- Library system equipment and/or services, as necessary

Multimedia Production Room

The multimedia production room houses the necessary equipment for TV and internetbased creation, editing and distribution consisting of one or more computers, cameras and various software titles.

Digital camera for school events

- · Workstation with enough memory to provide video editing
- · Multiple large monitors to allow multiple video feeds
- · Video Transmission hardware to every classroom
- · Cable/Satellite receivers for TV reception

Multi-Purpose Room Equipment

Besides providing a space for students to eat, cafeterias are often used for medium and large group presentations. To accommodate this, special presentation equipment is required to provide sufficient capabilities to larger groups. In addition, require equipment for processing of meal service payments. Typical multi-purpose room equipment includes:

- High quality projector for picture size, quality and brightness requirements in a large room with connection capability for TV, cable, satellite, DVD and/or computer and Internet access
- Large screen that is motorized or manually hidden from view during normal meal service operation
- Sound system that covers the entire area and includes sufficient microphone capabilities
- Lunch system equipment, as necessary

Administration and Office Staff Equipment

Staff members, whether located in the front office or in an individual office located elsewhere in the building will typically be provided the following:

- 1 desktop computer per staff member to provide full access to resources and services while usable for significant online operation and reading
- Access to shared workgroup-class printers or copiers for convenient and high capacity printing needs
- Access to shared color workgroup-class printers or copier for convenient and high capacity printing needs for front office staff

Exceptions to this are for key positions such as Principal, Assistant Principal, Deans and Business Administrators who are typically provided the following:

- 1 laptop to provide full and mobile access to resources and services
- 1 tablet computer to provide mobile access to resources (for Principals, Assistant Principals and Business Administrators)
- 1 dedicated individual printer or multifunction printer (for business administrators/office managers) for convenience and privacy

Personal Electronic Devices

Charter Schools USA recognizes that staff and students wish to bring their own electronic devices on campus. CSUSA is currently developing a BYOD (Bring Your Own Device) Policy to enable staff and students to utilize those devices to further the educational experience. We are working with various groups to establish this policy to ensure that such devices can be accommodated while meeting the legal and logistical requirements of operating a school.

Deployment

Equipment deployment is performed with experienced and skilled CSUSA technicians. Installations and configurations are coordinated to have minimal disruption to the standard operation of a school. Deployments are arranged according to each situation and may involve staged or partial rollouts as necessary.

Professional Development and Training

Schools USA is committed to providing training and instruction to ensure that provided equipment, software and/or services can be used effectively. The methods of such training, such as a train-the-trainer model or online videos, will depend on several factors including complexity, timeframe required, budget available, customer experience, among others. It is critical that such training is available in a timely manner, whether that is prior to the start of the school year, prior to a scheduled roll-out or as new employees come on board. Proper and timely training can improve efficiency and/or quality as well as reduce stress and avoid wasted resources of idle equipment. Evaluation of training further improves results by identifying potential areas for improvement, which can then be applied to future training.

In addition to standard training, continued professional development increases the effectiveness of staff in utilizing new equipment, software, services or procedures to increase educational outcomes. CSUSA encourages and supports the administrative staff at each school in seeking out and incorporating professional development as a routine. The methods to do so are subject to each school's administration, budget, education and technology vision.

Disaster Prevention and Recovery

CSUSA is aware that any technology can fail. To combat this possibility, CSUSA utilizes a combination of hardware, software, services and procedures to guard against data loss. Among the techniques and process utilized for disaster prevention and recovery are:

- High-quality equipment for reliability
- Sufficient warranties for rapid replacement of critical equipment
- Internet- and network-based services to reduce likelihood of local data loss

- Offsite and routine backups of key information
- Written documentation of data recovery procedures and equipment configurations
- Uninterrupted Power Supplies (UPS) on key equipment
- Surge protection on all computer equipment

Technology Refresh

Computer equipment is expected to be in service for a number of years. It is therefore important that such equipment is both durable and has sufficient warranties to repair issues for the entire lifespan of the equipment. It is also critical that equipment be replaced in a timely manner.

CSUSA recommends the following typical lifespan for equipment:

Desktops:

3-4 years

Laptops:

2-3 years

Tablet Computers:

3-4 years (estimated)

Servers:

3-4 years

Switches:

4-5 years

Interactive whiteboards:

5-6 years

Projectors:

3-4 years

Document Cameras:

3-4 years

Technology refresh cycles ensure that equipment is still viable. In addition, a set technology refresh cycle allows for budgets to be normalized to guard against spikes for large-scale purchases and avoid, as much as possible, the unexpected expenses of equipment failure for old equipment. Steps should be made to provide similar equipment to all schools during a refresh cycle.

Technology is to be replaced in the least disruptive way possible, usually during breaks during the school year. Older equipment is redeployed where possible and equipment taken out of service is properly logged and prepared for disposal using government standard data procedures.

Funding and Budget

Fiscal responsibility is a key component of long-term success and Charter Schools USA maintains this as one of its core values. In addition to a multi-year budget, CSUSA prepares an annual technology budget, in collaboration with school administration, education and finance representatives and other stakeholders. This budget includes hardware, software, services, licenses and maintenance and support costs for both new acquisitions and current items to meet the educational and operational needs of the school. The budget is subject to fiscal constraints and long-term costs are factored into decisions. Budgets are not finalized until approval of the appropriate Board or authorizer.

Funding is not unlimited, of course, and alternative funding sources are used to supplement the budget. Charter Schools USA actively pursues funding through grants, fundraising, donations and other sources. Additionally, CSUSA participates in the E-rate program, providing significant discounts to eligible technology equipment and services. Such funding frequently requires additional oversight, documentation and compliancy.

Vendors

CSUSA utilizes only established and reputable vendors for equipment and services. Vendor selection is done through a Request for Proposal (RFP) and/or vendor selection criteria matrix that includes critical factors such as company reputation, ability to fully deliver on time and that will extend necessary credit. The number of vendors used is kept to a minimum to maintain manageability and accountability. This, in combination with the purchasing power of multiple schools, allows CSUSA to realize significant savings in equipment and services to benefit all schools. In addition to these savings, CSUSA strives to achieve cost benefits through value-added services, such as pre-imaged equipment, which reduce expenses associated with deployment and configuration. These extra services allow large-scale installations to take place rapidly with minimal disruption.

Support

CSUSA provides support to all schools to maintain the infrastructure, provide and maintain business and instructional tools and address current and future needs. One or more of the following are used to provide this support:

- CSUSA's online Help Desk that provides staff with access to support at any time
- Onsite support to provide customers with individual service and address issues that cannot be resolved remotely
- Remote software to enable technicians to rapidly assist from off-site locations or to provide support to multiple customers at once
- Content filter reporting to monitor network performance as well as provide insight to potential issues
- Network performance monitoring tools to ensure optimal network operation and troubleshoot issues
- Documentation on common applications, questions and procedures
- Support monitoring and planning to proactively mitigate potential support issues

Evaluation and Adjustments to the Technology Plan

Technology is dynamic and new trends in technology or education can drastically change the recommendations outlined in this Plan. To ensure that resources are used effectively and efficiently, this Plan is re-evaluated on an annual basis by various school- and corporate-level stakeholders. The review includes feedback on industry trends, curriculum support needs, utilization and effectiveness evaluation results and support demand in addition to pilot program results, Principal recommendations and other information. Adjustments are made to the plan to eliminate unnecessary or ineffective technology and updated to include new requirements or recommendations. As a result, the latest Technology Plan incorporates the latest information and thinking.

Charter Schools USA

Charter Schools USA continues to grow and new schools are added each year. All newly approved schools will be covered under this Plan and subsequent updates in addition to any applicable Technology Plan approved by the District approving the charter or hosted District.



Clay County 2015-2016 School Year Sample Calendar

July 20-July 31 New Teacher Induction

August 3-10 Returning Teacher Orientation

August 11First Day for StudentsSeptember 7Labor Day - Schools Closed

October 9 Teacher Professional Development Day/ Student Holiday

October 16 End 1st Grading Period
October 19 Begin 2nd Grading Period
November 11 Veterans Day - Schools Closed
Name and Advantage of Schools Closed

November 23 – 27 Thanksgiving Break - Schools Closed

December 17 End 2nd Grading Period

Dec 18 – Jan 1 Winter Break - Schools Closed

Jan 4 Teacher Professional Development Day/Student Holiday
Jan 5 Teacher Professional Development Day/Student Holiday

Jan 6 Begin 3rd Grading Period

January 18 Martin Luther King, Jr. Day - Schools Closed

February 15 Presidents' Day – Schools Closed

March 16 End 3rd Grading Period

March 17 Teacher Professional Development Day/Student Holiday

March 18 - 28 Spring Break - Schools Closed

March 29 Begin 4th Grading Period

April 8 Fair Day - Schools Closed

May 30 Memorial Day - Schools Closed

June 2 Last Day of School

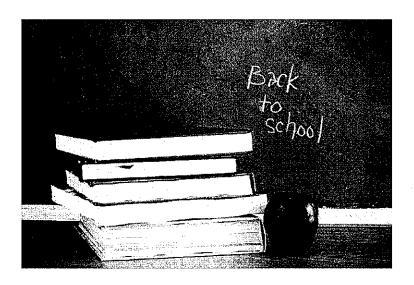
June 3 Teacher Professional Development Day/GVC Workshop

Total Days: 180

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CLAY COUNTY

Green Cove Springs, Florida

CODE of STUDENT CONDUCT Elementary and Secondary Students



2013-2014



Charlie VanZant, Superintendent CLAY COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

District 1: Janice Kerekes

District 2: Carol Studdard
District 3: Tina Bullock

District 4: Johnna McKinnon

District 5: Lisa Graham

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CLAY COUNTY



Charlie Van Zant, Jr. Superintendent of Schools 900 Walnut Street
Green Cove Springs, Florida 32043
Telephones:
904/284-6500 (GCS) 904/272-8100 (OP)
1-888-663-2529 (KH)
FAX 904/284-6525 TDD 904/284-6584

BOARD MEMBERS:

Janice Kerekes
District 1
Carol Studdard
District 2
Tina Bullock
District 3
Johnna McKinnon
District 4
Lisa Graham
District 5

August, 2013

Dear Parents:

The goal of the School District of Clay County is to create an atmosphere of learning in an environment that values safety, discipline and civility. In this Code of Student Conduct, we want to give you and your student a clear understanding of the expectations for student conduct and to ask you to partner with us in this goal. We want you to know we value your help and support as active participants and partners with the School District of Clay County in upholding the Code of Student Conduct. Helping to create good order and discipline is a team effort. Order and respect established through firm, fair, and reasonable discipline have proven to be key ingredients in a successful school district. That is why this document is so important.

I am sure you will agree that, as students progress through school, it is reasonable to assume that an increase in age and maturity carries with it an expectation of greater responsibility. The procedures outlined in the Code of Student Conduct apply to all students in Clay County Public Schools. The Code of Student Conduct is in force while the student is traveling to and from school, including, but not necessarily limited to, school-sponsored events, field trips, athletic functions, and other activities where appropriate administrators have jurisdiction over students. Additionally, the Principal has the authority to take administrative action when a student's misconduct away from school is having, or could have, a detrimental effect on the other students or on the orderly educational process. The Code of Student Conduct provides for recognition of the rights of the student, including the right to learn. It provides for the recognition of responsibilities of students in respect to the rights of others and in respect to the obligation of all the schools to provide the order necessary for meaningful and effective instruction and learning. Most important of all, students in our schools have a responsibility to report crimes, dangerous or potentially dangerous situations to their teacher, administrator, or trusted adult to assist them in notifying the proper authorities. We also have an established toll-free SCHOOL SAFETY HOTLINE (1-877-723-2728) for students to call and remain anonymous.

This Code of Student Conduct has been approved by the Clay County School Board. It contains important information that is essential to your child's education. We want to thank you for partnering with us to ensure student safety and discipline. Most parents want to read and study this document with their student to make sure they understand its contents. If you have any questions or need further explanation, your school principal will be happy to assist you. We ask that you please sign the acknowledgement page at the back of this document and have your child return it to his or her teacher.

Sincerely,

Charlie Van Zant

Superintendent of Schools

Innovate

Engage

Empower

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUPERINTENDENT'S LETTER TO PARENTS	
Mission Statement	
Jurisdiction of the School Board / Philosophical Basis	
Roles of the Home, Student, and School	
Student Rights and Responsibilities	
Attendance	
Health Requirements	
Counseling / Curriculum	
Free Speech/Expression / Grades	
Grievance Procedures	
Privacy and Property Rights	
Student Activities and Clubs	. 7
Student Government / Student Publications	8
Student Records / Student Dress Code	9
Student Conduct on Bus	
Student Discipline	
Preventive/Informal Disciplinary Actions	11
Teacher Authority to Remove a Student from Class	
Formal Disciplinary Actions	
Detention / School Chores	11
Disciplinary Probation / Corporal Punishment	
Suspension of Bus Privileges	
Alternative Education/In-School Suspension.	12
Out-of-School Suspension / Expulsions	
Bannerman Learning Center	
Federal Guidelines for Zero Tolerance.	
Wireless Communication Devices	
Gun Free Schools Act	
Procedures Polating to Dissiplinary Actions	
Procedures for Firearms Violations	15
Student Locker Search.	
Procedures for Drug and Alcohol Violations	
Procedures for Suspension	
Procedures for Expulsion	
Suspension Process & Appeal of a Suspension	8ا
Discipline Procedures for Students with Disabilities	
Procedures for Felony Suspension	19
Procedures for Assault and Battery to School Board Personnel	
Procedures Relating to Harassment/Bullying	
Classification of Violations	24
Level I	
Level II	
Level III	
Level IV	25
Public Notice	2.6
Rights Under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (Student Records)	
Child Abuse Reporting	
Student Participation in Authorized Surveys	
Notice of Child Identification and Evaluation Activities	
ESE Parent Notification	
Terms and Conditions for Use of Telecommunications and Networks	
Rights of Divorced Parents	
Parental Concerns Regarding Employees	
Acknowledgements	
Signature Form:	
(Required) Parent/Student Acknowledgment Form	

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CLAY COUNTY CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT 2013-14

MISSION STATEMENT

The Clay County School District, in partnership with the entire community, is dedicated to providing a quality education in a safe, inviting environment so that all students learn and become successful, responsible citizens.

JURISDICTION OF THE SCHOOL BOARD

The Code is in force twenty four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week on all school campuses/properties as well as such times and places, including, but not necessarily limited to, school sponsored events, field trips, athletic functions and other activities where school administrators have jurisdiction over students. All school regulations pertain to automobiles driven or parked on school property. With respect to student conduct while being transported on school buses, it should be understood that students are subject to denial of the privilege of riding a school bus for violation of appropriate standards, even if they are not otherwise denied educational participation.

PHILOSOPHICAL BASIS

Instruction should occur in an environment that is conducive to learning. Effective instruction requires good order and discipline which may be described as the absence of distractions, frictions, and disturbances which interfere with the effective functioning of the student, class, and school. It is also the presence of a friendly, yet businesslike, atmosphere in which students and school personnel work cooperatively toward mutually recognized and accepted goals.

As students progress in our public schools, it is reasonable to assume that an increase in age and maturity will result in the students assuming greater responsibility for their actions. It is recognized that differences in age and maturity require different types of disciplinary action; however, the procedures identified shall apply to all students in grades PreK-12.

To assist parents, administrators, and faculty in maintaining such an environment, the Code of Student Conduct will:

- Describe roles of the home, student, and school
- Describe student rights and responsibilities
- Identify informal and formal disciplinary actions
- Standardize disciplinary actions
- Identify classifications of violations and describe procedures for disciplinary action
- Be discussed at the beginning of every school year in student classes, School Advisory Councils and Parent & Teacher Associations in language understandable to those in attendance
- Be distributed to teachers, school personnel, students and parents/guardians at the beginning of each school year and all students will sign off when they have been in-serviced.

ROLES OF THE HOME, STUDENT AND SCHOOL

In order for effective instruction to occur, there must be a cooperative relationship between student, parent, and educator. This relationship may be described as follows:

PARENTS OR GUARDIANS WHO:

- assume major responsibility for their child's behavior
- maintain regular communication with the school and encourage their child to maintain acceptable behavior in their home, community, and school
- ensure that their child is in daily attendance and who promptly report and explain an absence to the school
- provide their child with the resources needed to complete class work
- assist their child in being well-groomed, neat and clean
- bring to the attention of the school authorities any problem or condition which affects their child or other children of the school community
- discuss report cards and work assignments with their child, maintain up-to-date home, work, emergency telephone numbers, and addresses at the school, including doctor and/or hospital preference

STUDENTS WHO:

- attend all classes daily and are on time
- are prepared to come to class with appropriate working materials
- are responsible for their own work
- are responsible for delivery of written communications to their parent/guardian
- are respectful to all individuals and property
- refrain from profane or inflammatory statements
- are well-groomed, neat, and clean
- abide by the rules and regulations set forth by the school and individual classroom teachers, while conducting themselves in a safe and responsible manner

SCHOOLS THAT:

- encourage the use of good guidance procedures
- maintain an atmosphere conducive to good behavior
- exhibit an attitude of respect for students
- plan a flexible curriculum to meet the needs of all students
- promote effective training or discipline based upon fair and impartial treatment of all students
- develop a good working relationship among staff, students, and appropriate community agencies
- encourage the school staff, parents and student to use the service of community agencies
- encourage parents to keep in regular communication with the school and participate in its affairs
- seek to involve students in the development of policy
- inform all employees of their requirement to report to law enforcement felony offenses and violent misdemeanors or delinquent acts which would be a felony offense if committed by an adult on or near school property.

STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

It is the intent of the Student Rights and Responsibilities, as expressed in this document that students understand that individual rights involve associated responsibilities, and that individual rights must be viewed in relationship to the health, safety, and welfare of the majority of students within each school. The principal shall assume administrative responsibility and instructional leadership under the supervision of the Superintendent, in accordance with rules and regulations of the School Board for planning, management, and operation of the school to which he is assigned. The faculty and staff shall assist in the orderly operation of the school and assure the rights of students.

ATTENDANCE

Philosophical Basis:

Florida Statute 1003.21 states that students who are six on or before February 1st must attend school every school day of the 180-day school year until their sixteenth birthday. Florida Statute 1003.24 establishes that the parent/legal guardian of a child of compulsory age is responsible for the child's daily school attendance. School staff, parents, students, and appropriate state agencies are expected to work together to ensure that all applicable school attendance laws are obeyed, including, but not limited to, referral to the state designated agency for possible court action for truancy. Regular attendance by students will facilitate the development of the skills and knowledge necessary to function in a modern democratic society.

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Student	INCOUNTS	יוני	11	いいしつ

To take advantage of their educational opportunity by attending all classes daily and on time

To provide the school with an adequate explanation with appropriate documentation indicating the reasons for an absence

To request the make-up assignment from their teachers upon their return from an excused absence and to complete the work within a reasonable length of time as determined by school board policy (1 day per each day of absence).

Student Rights

*To be informed of School Board policies and individual school rules regarding absenteeism and tardiness

To appeal a decision pertaining to an absence

To make up class work within a prescribed length of time in case of an excused absence

*School Board Rule Section IV 4.01, F. 1: Absence by a student for twenty (20) or more days during the school year shall create a strong presumption that the student has failed those subjects or courses in which he is enrolled during that period. For semester courses, ten (10) days shall apply; for individual grading periods, five (5) days shall apply. Such presumption may be overcome by effort or performance which satisfies the teacher(s) involved, that such student should receive other than a failing grade. A review committee representing the administration, the instructional staff, and guidance, appointed by the principal, will review each such case individually and will make recommendations. Individual teacher(s) shall give strong consideration to the recommendation of the review committee in determining the effort or performance of the student.

Absences

Absenteeism, excused or unexcused, regardless of the reason, negatively affects the continuity of the learning process. As a student's absenteeism increases, there is a greater responsibility for the school to deter future absenteeism, and there is a great responsibility for the student to demonstrate that such absenteeism has not negatively affected performance mastery.

Excused/Unexcused absences per School Board Policy 4.01 (D)

- 1. An absence from school under the following circumstances shall be considered excused:
 - With permission The absence was with the knowledge and consent of the principal of the school, which the student attends.
 - b. Sickness, injury, or other insurmountable condition Attendance was impracticable or inadvisable on account of sickness or injury, or was impracticable because of some other stated insurmountable condition.
 - c. Financial inability to provide necessary clothes for the student when reported by the parent in writing to the Superintendent and validated by the Superintendent (FS 1003.24(3))
 - d. Absence for religious instruction or holidays A student with the written consent of his or her parent/guardian shall be excused from attendance in school on a particular day or days, or at a particular time of day, and shall be excused from any examination, study or work assignment at such time to participate in religious instruction, for observance of a religious holiday or because tenets of his or her religion forbid secular activity at such time. The principal shall reserve the right to refuse a student's request for released time, if according to the provisions of the district's student progression plan:
 - 1) The student is not enrolled in sufficient courses to allow for the student's promotion or graduation, and thus the released time would not be equivalent to an optional period.
 - The student's grades/academic progress is insufficient to allow for the student's promotion or graduation.
 - e. Absences due to head lice will be excused, up to 2 days per incident and for a total of 10 days per school year. After a student has accumulated 10 excused absences due to head lice during a school year, further absences due to head lice will be considered unexcused. Unusual circumstances may be addressed by the principal to go beyond these 10 days for excused absences.
- 2. It is the responsibility of the parent/guardian to provide a written statement to the school explaining the absence within three (3) school days following the return of the student to school.
- 3. If a student is continually sick and repeatedly absent from school, he or she must be under the supervision of a physician in order to receive an excuse from attendance. Such excuse provides that a student's condition justifies absence for more than 5 days per grading period/ 10 days per semester/ 20 days per year. The principal of the school shall determine when it is necessary to require a physician's statement from the student's medical provider and require the parent/guardian to provide a copy to their child's school within a reasonable period of time as determined by the principal or designee.
- 4. An absence from school under the following circumstances may be considered unexcused.
 - a. The absence was without the parent/guardian's knowledge or consent.
 - b. Permission for the absence was requested but denied by the principal of the student's school
 - c. No written statement of the absence from the parent/guardian has been received by the school explaining the reason for the absence within three (3) school days following the return of the student to school.
- 5. The principal has administrative discretion in cases of excessive absences to reject a written note and consider the absence as unexcused when absences are seriously impacting academic progress, with the exception of sickness, injury or insurmountable conditions.

Truancy is absence from school without the parent or guardian's knowledge or consent. In some instances a student may be considered truant because of parent or guardian's negligence. Students with five (5) or more unexcused absences in a calendar month or ten (10) or more unexcused absences within a 90 calendar day period must be referred to the School's Attendance Team and school staff must meet with the parent/guardian. If the attendance problem continues, the Attendance Team will recommend appropriate interventions. Legal court action may be taken against a student who is classified as a habitual truant (F.S. 1003.26)

Driver's License (Secondary Students)

"Recognizing the importance of education and keeping the students in school, the 1997 legislature enacted 322.091 F.S. relating to the driver's license for students, ages 14 to 18, as an incentive for students to stay in school and continue their education" (Clay County School Board Policy 4.53). In order for a student to retain or obtain his/her regular Florida driver's license or learner's driver's license, the student must comply with compulsory school attendance. Accumulating 15 unexcused absences in a period of 90 calendar days or failure to remain enrolled in school will result in being classified as a habitual truant and the loss of said license, or the withholding of the necessary forms to obtain a license by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. (F.S. 1003.27(2b))

Compulsory School Attendance

A student who attains the age of 16 years during the school year is not subject to compulsory school attendance beyond the date upon which he or she attains that age if the parent and student file a formal declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment with the district's school board. The declaration must acknowledge that terminating school enrollment is likely to reduce the student's earning potential and must be signed by the student and the student's parent or legal guardian. F.S. 1003.21(1)(c)

NOTES:

Tardies are disruptive to the learning environment and have a negative impact on student achievement.

If you move during the school year or the school has a wrong address, you must notify the school.

Health Requirements for School Attendance

Communicable Disease

Students having or suspected of having a communicable disease or infestation which can be transmitted to others are to be excluded from school and not allowed to return unless they have been successfully treated and/or present a note from a physician indicating that they are no longer contagious.

Immunizations

A Certificate of Immunization (DH 680) indicating compliance with the current required schedule of immunizations must be presented prior to enrollment in school. A physical exam (performed within 1 year prior to initial enrollment in Florida public or private schools) is required for all students new to the district. (FS 1003.22)



Health Services/Screenings

At the beginning of each school year, the Clay County Schools and the Clay County Health Department are required, by law, (F.S. 381.0056) to inform parents of the health screening program. This program is carried out to appraise, protect and promote the health of students through assisting in the early identification of health problems in the areas of hearing, vision, growth & development, dental, mental health, and scoliosis. These screenings are limited to procedures that do not penetrate the skin or any body orifice (i.e.., any invasive screening requires written parent permission). Written requests for exemption for these services should be made to your local school within fifteen (15) days of registration.

Procedures for the prevention of pediculosis (headlice)

Head lice (Pediculosis capitis) continue to be a problem in all communities. Lice are highly communicable and difficult to prevent, but if every parent will take the responsibility to check the entire family weekly, these parasites can be controlled. The following information should be helpful in identifying head lice infestation:

- The actual louse is small and difficult to see.
- The nits (eggs) are tiny, yellowish-white oval specks attached to the hair shafts. They may
 resemble dandruff, but will not wash off or blow away.
- The primary symptom of infestation is itching that occurs when lice bite. (Children seen scratching their head frequently, should be examined at once.)
- Prevention guidelines include: students not using other students' combs, brushes, hats, or clothing.



Your school, the Clay County Health Department (529-2800 ext.2869) or your private medical doctor can provide more extensive information on treatment. Parental cooperation will help protect all children. The Clay County Health Department recommends the student to be free of nits (eggs) prior to re-entry into school after treatment. The Clay County School Board has adopted this recommended "no-nit" policy. Elementary school parents are required to accompany their students to school on the first day of entry after treatment.

All children should be back to school within two 2 days if treated properly. Habitual absentee cases may be referred to the community health nurse and the school attendance assistant/social worker. If the parent(s)/guardian(s) fail to comply with proper head lice treatment, they may be referred to the state attorney's office for violation of compulsory school attendance law. (REF.F.S.1003.26)

Parent(s)/Guardian Responsibilities

It is the responsibility of the parent(s)/guardian to notify the school of any health condition of their student(s) which may require medication, treatment, or monitoring at school or on school-sponsored trips or activities.

It is the responsibility of the parent(s)/guardian to submit a properly executed "Authorization for Medication/Treatment" form (MIS 12470) to school administration if their student requires medication (including over the counter) or treatment to be given during the school day. Parents will be responsible for delivery and retrieval of medications to the school nurse/health designee. No medications are to be transported via the school bus system. All medications to be administered by school personnel shall be received and stored in the ORIGINAL container.

It is the responsibility of the parent(s)/guardian to notify the school immediately of any chronic or acute medical conditions your child may have and of any necessity for your child to be allowed to self medicate during the school day. Health Services Policy and Procedures Manual may be viewed at www.clay.k12.fl.us/PDF/health_manual.pdf.

COUNSELING

Philosophical Basis:

Personal concerns of students can seriously limit their educational development. Schools have the responsibility to provide a counseling program and to make relevant and objective information available to students.

Student Responsibilities	Student Rights
To use these services for their own educational and personal development	To be accurately informed as to the nature of the guidance services available in their school
To schedule appointments in advance unless the problem or concern is one of an emergency nature	To have an opportunity to participate in individual and group counseling

CURRICULUM

Philosophical Basis:

The degree of curriculum involvement is a function of age, grade, maturity, and sophistication on one hand and the level and complexities of courses on the other. Student opinion regarding curriculum offerings is extremely important and therefore deserves careful analysis and consideration.

Student Responsibilities	Student Rights
To request participation in academic programs and extracurricular activities that are commensurate with ability	To have equal educational opportunity with regard to academic programs and extracurricular activities
To seek assistance in course selection from informed persons in the school	To receive district curriculum course descriptions that will facilitate informed choices
To cooperate with the instructor and contribute to an atmosphere free from bias and prejudice	To receive instruction in courses of study under competent instructors in an atmosphere free from bias and prejudice
To cooperate fully and exert every effort to achieve mastery of the basic skills	To participate in appropriate basic skills programs in elementary, middle, and high schools
To take care of instructional materials issued to them and to pay for lost or damaged instructional materials (FL statutes 1006.42)	To receive the loan of instructional materials for the subject they are studying

Florida Statutes 1006.42(1)...Each Parent of a student to whom or for whom instructional materials have been issued, is liable for any loss or destruction of, or unnecessary damage to, the instructional materials or for failure of the student to return the instructional materials...and shall pay for such loss, destruction, or unnecessary damage as provided by law.

FREE SPEECH/EXPRESSION

Philosophical Basis:

Citizens in our democracy are guaranteed self-expression under the 1st and 4th Amendments of the United States Constitution; therefore, in a democratic society, one of the basic purposes of education is to prepare students for responsible self-expression.

Student Responsibilities

To respect the rights and property of other individuals, to express disagreement in a manner which does not infringe upon the rights of others and does not interfere with the orderly educational process (School Board Rule IV, 4.04) F.S. 1006.07 (2)(c)

To act in a manner which preserves the dignity of patriotic observances

To respect the religious beliefs of others

To plan for, seek approval of, and conduct activities which are consistent with the educational objectives of the school

Student Rights

To form and express viewpoints through speaking and writing in a manner which is not obscene, slanderous, or libelous

To not be subjected to disciplinary action because of use of a language other than English if student has limited English proficiency

To affirm their identity with the American ideals. (i.e., pledging allegiance to the flag) F.S.1002:20(12)

To refrain from any activity which violates the precepts of their religion

To petition and survey student opinion in accordance with the procedures that are established by the principal and consistent with Florida Statutes and local regulations.

GRADES

Philosophical Basis:

Grades at best are but an indication of the student's knowledge at any particular point in time. An academic grade should reflect the teacher's most objective assessment of the student's academic achievement.

Student Responsibilities

To become informed of the grading criteria

To maintain standards of academic performance commensurate with ability, and to make every effort to improve performance upon receipt of notification of unsatisfactory progress

Student Rights

To receive a teacher's grading criteria at the beginning of each year or semester course

To receive reasonable notification of failure or potential failure during the grading period when it is apparent unsatisfactory work is being performed

GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES

Philosophical Basis:

A grievance is a situation occurring in the course of the school's implementation of the County Code of Conduct that causes a student to consider himself aggrieved. Schools are responsible for providing mechanisms for the expression and resolution of grievances.

Student Responsibilities

To discuss their grievances informally with the persons involved prior to invoking formal grievance procedures

To state the grievance clearly and concisely, to follow the established procedures, and to accept the decision that is the outgrowth of this process

Student Rights

To have a standard procedure for the resolution of grievances

To participate in the formulation of the grievance procedures with the school administration through their student government

Clay Charter Academy HOMELESS EDUCATION

Philosophical Basis:

Homeless students are entitled to the educational protections of the McKinney-Vento Act. The Act defines homeless children as "individuals who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence."

Student / Parent Responsibilities:

To notify the school if you and/or your family meet one of the following criteria listed below:

- Share the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason.
- Live in motels, hotels, travel trailer parks, or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate accommodations, or emergency or transitional shelters.
- Youth who are abandoned in hospitals or awaiting foster care placement.
- Live in a car, park, public space, abandoned buildings, bus or train station, or similar setting.

Student Rights:

- Your child is entitled to a "free and appropriate education." Your child does not need a permanent address in order to attend school. School enrollment can begin on a temporary basis while the Homeless Education Program School Social Workers assist in obtaining documentation such as birth certificates, immunization or school records.
- Free school meals
- Attendance and transportation to the school or origin when feasible
- To have a standard procedure for the resolution of grievances

PRIVACY AND PROPERTY RIGHTS

Philosophical Basis:

Federal and State laws provide persons with reasonable expectation of privacy in addition to freedom from unreasonable search and seizure of property. Such guarantees are not unlimited and must be balanced by the school's responsibility to protect the health, safety, and welfare of all students (4th Amendment of the United States Constitution).

Student Responsibilities

To not carry or conceal any such material that is prohibited by law or would detract from the educational process

To respect the property rights of the public at large as well as those of individuals, and to refrain from destruction of, or damage to, such property

To accept the consequences for the content stored within their lockers

Student Rights

To maintain privacy of personal possessions unless appropriate school personnel have reasonable suspicion to believe a student possesses any object or material which is prohibited by law or School Board Policy

To attend school in an educational environment in which personal property is respected

To have prior notification of any general search of lockers except in emergency situations (Clay County School Board Student Notice) F.S. 1006.09(9)

NOTE: School officials may conduct a warrantless search of a student's locker, vehicle, or any storage area on school property if such officials have reason to believe that illegal, prohibited, or harmful items may be concealed.

STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Philosophical Basis:

Organized clubs and activities are characteristic of student life from the elementary school through college, and are characteristic of adult life as well. All members of the school community share the responsibility for organizing and supporting clubs and activities that meet student needs and serve definite and worthwhile purposes.

Student Responsibilities

To follow these rules in forming and operating clubs and activities.

Student Rights

To form and operate clubs and activities within their respective schools under the direction of a faculty advisor.

Florida Statute 1006.14: Secret societies prohibited in public K-12 school. (1) It is unlawful for any person, group, or organization to organize or establish a fraternity, sorority, or other secret society whose membership is comprised in whole or in part of students enrolled in any public K-12 school or to go upon any public K-12 school premises for the purpose of soliciting any students to join such an organization.

RULES FOR STUDENT ACTIVITIES AND CLUBS

- Clubs and activities must be open to all qualified students.
- Clubs cannot interfere with school activities and School Board policies must be followed.
- Clubs must have a charter and a constitution that state the membership qualifications and the rules of conduct (written by both students and teachers, be approved by the administration, and be kept on file so that all students, parents, and school personnel may read them).
- Local chapters of national organizations whose charters are prescribed are exempted from the requirement that they must be written by both students and teachers.
- They must have a faculty sponsor approved by the administration and this sponsor must be at all meetings/events with chaperones when appropriate.
- Club members cannot be hazed. (School Board Policy 4.11) Hazing means any action or situation that recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student. Hazing includes any forced activity that could adversely affect the mental health or dignity of the student. (FS 1006.135(1))
- Students, talk to your parents and school administrators about any activity you feel uncomfortable about.
 Demeaning or dangerous activities are not necessary to be a part of a team/group.
- Club dues must be reasonable.
- Club meetings must be held on the school grounds except for special meetings/events approved by the administration.
- Club money must be handled through the school.

To remain eligible to participate in interscholastic extracurricular student activities, a student must maintain satisfactory conduct. If a student is convicted of, or is found to have committed a felony or a delinquent act, including off campus incidents, which would have been a felony if committed by an adult, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, the student's participation in interscholastic extracurricular activities is contingent upon local administrative policy.

NOTE: Youth Gang Activity Students are not allowed to form, or participate in, groups which threaten, frighten or harm other students. These groups which may be called gangs, usually have common names, wear certain common colors, jewelry, signs or clothing. Students are not allowed to ask other students to join such a group. If someone asks you to join a group such as this, tell your teacher or another adult.

STUDENT GOVERNMENT

Philosophical Basis:

Effective student governments are the forums for the training and involvement of students in the democratic processes. Members of the school community share the responsibility for shaping governments into positive instruments for student involvement.

Student Responsibilities

To elect student government officers and representatives who are responsive to the needs of the school and who will work constructively toward the resolution of such needs

To conduct election campaigns in a positive, mature manner, with all due respect provided their opponents

To attend regularly scheduled meetings, if an elected student representative, and exhibit appropriate conduct at all times

Student Rights

To form and operate a student government within the respective schools under the direction of a faculty advisor

To seek office in student government or any organization regardless of race, sex, color, creed, or political beliefs

To attend, as student government officers and representatives, official student government meetings upon approval of such meetings by the school principal

STUDENT PUBLICATIONS

Philosophical Basis:

Education is the process of inquiry and learning, acquiring and imparting knowledge, and exchanging ideas. One of the important roles of the school is to provide effective avenues through which students may express themselves on a wide range of subjects. Official student publications, such as school newspapers, should include viewpoints representative of the entire student body.

Student Responsibilities

To use only those bulletin boards or wall areas designated for use by students and student organizations, and must also accept responsibility for the effect that the posting publication or distribution of this literature might have on the normal activities of the school

To refrain from publishing libelous and obscene materials, to seek full information on the topics about which they write, and observe the normal rules for responsible journalism under the guidance of the faculty advisor.

Principals may suppress or recall literature which they consider primarily commercial in nature or material which could endanger the orderly operation of the school.

Student Rights

To possess, post, and distribute any forms of literature that are not inherently disruptive to the school program including, but not limited to, newspapers, magazines, leaflets, and pamphlets

To be free of censorship on their publications except within the framework of guidelines previously agreed upon by students and administrators

STUDENT RECORDS

Philosophical Basis:

A well developed student record file contains information needed for making appropriate educational decisions for the student. Student records are to be treated confidentially and should contain information that is relevant, accurate, and appropriate.

Student Responsibilities

To inform the school of any information that may be useful in making appropriate educational decisions

To authorize release of pertinent information to those individuals or agencies who are working actively and constructively for the benefit of the students

To have parents, guardians, or eligible students follow prescribed procedures for requesting access to records or transcripts

Student Rights

To inspect, review, and challenge the information contained in records directly relating to the student (Parents, guardians, or *eligible students).

To be protected by legal provisions which prohibit the release of personally identifiable information to other than legally authorized persons without the consent of the parent, guardian, or eligible students (18 years of age or attending a post-secondary institution)

To have the right of access to records or transcripts (parents, guardians, or eligible students). *Eligible students are those 18 years of age or over and/or those attending a postsecondary institution.

Florida Statute 1002.22(2)(c)(8)...No public educational institution shall maintain any report or record relative to a pupil or student which includes a copy of the pupil's or student's fingerprints. Students must disclose upon initial registration all previous school expulsions, arrests resulting in a charge, and juvenile justice actions. [Florida Statute 1006.07 (1) (b)]

STUDENT DRESS CODE

School Board Rule Section IV, 4.03...APPROPRIATE DRESS FOR PUPILS.

- All students shall be properly groomed and attired when on school property or participating in school activities.
- Students shall be dressed so they will not present a clear danger to health and safety; should be tailored in such a manner that because of fit, design, color, texture, or inadequate coverage of the body does not create a classroom or school disruption as determined by the administration.
- Students are not allowed to wear clothing that identifies, or could identify them, with a certain group or gang. Administrator may need to consult with their YRO to confirm their decision.
- School officials reserve the right to determine if the county or school dress code is being violated AND to create
 additional policies to the school dress code.

Please refer to your school "Parent/Student Handbook" for more detailed instructions on the dress code.

Secondary Students – Specific rules apply to the following:

- Pants and shorts should be worn at the waistline without the necessity of support whether or not a shirt is worn tucked in or out;
- Shorts, dresses or skirts will be 3 inches from the top of the knee; leggings may be worn under approved dress code garments only;
- Shirts or tops must cover the full shoulder and any personal undergarments. Tank tops and spaghetti straps are not allowed unless worn with a cover shirt. Backless shirts or dresses and tops that expose the midriff areas are not allowed:
- The neckline of any shirt must limit exposure of the body as determined by school officials;
- Clothing, jewelry, buttons, or other items which encourage the use of drugs, tobacco, alcohol, or violence or encourage the discrimination of a particular group are not allowed;
- Bedroom slippers and/or sleeping garments are not allowed on school grounds or during school functions.



It is the philosophy and intent of the School District of Clay County for students to demonstrate an appropriate level of attire. Preparing students for life after high school-whether it involves the labor force, post-secondary school or other opportunities- is recognized as important. Therefore, the school system expects students to set an example in our schools and community.

Standards of Conduct for Students Transported by School Bus

The Clay County School System has jurisdiction over students who are on the school bus or at the school bus stop when the bus is present at the bus stop. [F.S. 1006.10 (3)] Therefore it is the parent's responsibility to take any action with local law enforcement to correct a problem during the time students are waiting at the bus stop or when students are enroute to or from the school bus stop. In order to guarantee your child and other children who ride buses the safe and efficient transportation they deserve, the following has

Our Philosophy: We believe that all pupils can behave appropriately and safely while riding the school bus. We will not tolerate behavior that is disruptive to the driver or which inhibits or interferes with the safe operation of the bus. Please do the following:

- 1. Be at the designated bus stop at least 5 minutes before the bus arrives.
- 2. Cross in front of the bus making sure that the driver sees you and you see the driver. Wait for the driver's signal that it is safe to cross.
- Never run to or from the bus.

been established.

The Following Rules Must be Observed on the Bus:

- > Obey the driver's directions the first time they are given.
- > No loud talking, shouting, singing, swearing, hitting, rude or obscene gestures or language is permitted.
- Keep all parts of the body (head, arms, etc.) and all objects inside the bus and out of the aisle.
- > Keep your hands and feet to yourself.
- Remain seated while the bus is in motion, facing the front of the bus.
- > No eating, drinking, chewing of gum, or use of any tobacco products is permitted.
- > Absolute silence is necessary at railroad crossing.
- > Noise makers (Ex. Alarm bracelets, air horns, pagers, radios, etc.) are not allowed on the bus.
- > All personal electronic devices including cellular phones must not be visible and shall be turned off.
- > Large objects that cannot be kept on the student's lap are prohibited.
- > Glass containers, balloons, live animals, and skateboards are prohibited.
- > All school rules of conduct apply while students are on the bus.
- All students are to ride, only their assigned bus and board and exit the bus at their assigned stop location.

 Exception is on an emergency basis if there is room on the bus and student obtains written permission on the school's permission form!

Consequences for students violating bus rules will be as follows:

First Incident: Driver will give pupil a verbal warning.

Second Incident: Driver will record the pupil's name and have a conference with pupil on the bus.

Third Incident: Driver will assign the pupil to a seat in the front of the bus until the behavior changes.

Fourth Incident: Driver will write the pupil a report of misconduct and turn the pupil and the report over to the Principal or designee.

Severe Incident: If the offense is severe misconduct, the driver will proceed as if it were the fourth incident.

Continued misconduct will result in additional reports of misconduct. This is a Level II violation of the Student Code of Conduct.

Penalty: The school Principal, or designee, has the authority to suspend the pupil from riding the bus for up to ten (10) days. If serious misconduct continues, bus riding privileges can be denied for the entire school term, when necessary. These rules and their consequences will be discussed with your child by school personnel and by the bus driver. Please discuss this with your child and be sure that it is understood. Thank you in advance for your support of our program.

NOTE: Bicycle riders under the age of 16 must wear properly fitted, safety-related helmets when riding a bicycle. Law enforcement officers may issue traffic citation and assess fines to riders who do not comply.

Draft Submitted on June 9, 2014

Clay Charter Academy STUDENT DISCIPLINE

Preventive / Informal Disciplinary Actions

A major consideration in the application of the Code is that the most appropriate disciplinary action taken by school personnel is the least extreme measure that can resolve the discipline problem. Teachers and other instructional personnel shall have the authority to undertake any of the following actions in managing student behavior and ensuring the safety of all students in their classes and school.

- Teachers will establish classroom rules of conduct.
- Teachers and Principals will establish and implement consequences, designed to change behavior, for infractions of classroom rules.
- Methods may include:
 - monitoring student behavior through short-term progress reports and other strategies
 - conferences and/or contracts between administrators, parents, teachers, and students
 - referrals to Child Study Team, Core Team, or Student Services (i.e., group or individual counseling with a guidance counselor, psychological evaluation, direction to appropriate agencies for specific problems; and student curriculum adjustment)

Teacher Authority to Remove a Student from Class

Florida Statute 1006.09(1)(a) and the rules of the School District of Clay County give teachers and other school staff, who have control and discipline of students assigned to them by the principal or the principal's designee, the authority to remove:

*Disobedient

*Disrespectful

*Violent

*Abusive

*Uncontrollable and/or *Disruptive

students from the classroom and other places in which he/she is assigned to be in charge of students.

In addition FS 1003.32 states: A teacher may remove from class a student whose behavior the teacher determines interferes with the teacher's ability to communicate effectively with the students in the class or with the ability of the students' classmates to learn. If the teacher requests the student not be returned to the classroom, the principal may not return the student to that teacher's class without the teacher's consent unless a committee determines that such placement is the best or only available alternative.

Formal Disciplinary Actions

When formal disciplinary action is required, the parent should be informed by phone, written notice sent home with the student, or placed in the U. S. Mail. Registered letters will be used for all suspension or expulsion recommendations. (Sent by regular mail if parents or legal guardian contacted by phone.)

It is the responsibility of the student to notify his or her parent(s) or guardian of all written communications from the school. Failure to do so may result in further disciplinary action.

DETENTION

After parents/guardians are notified, students may be detained after school hours for reasons of poor conduct or failure to complete required schoolwork. Students may not be detained in excess of one (1) hour. It is the responsibility of the parents/guardians to provide transportation if a student is required to stay after regular school hours. (School Board Policy, Sect. IV.4.04 D)

SCHOOL CHORES

The student may be required to participate in properly supervised activities relating to the upkeep and maintenance of school facilities.

DISCIPLINARY PROBATION

Any student involved in a violation of the Code of Conduct may be placed on probation. The student on disciplinary probation may be denied participation in extracurricular activities, and may be assigned to report frequently to a specified staff member who will assist in monitoring the student's adjustment to the school situation during the probationary period. It is the responsibility of the parent to provide transportation if the student is required to stay after regular school hours. (School Board Policy, Sect. IV, 4.04(D).

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

Each principal shall prepare guidelines if corporal punishment is used as a disciplinary consequence in their school.

Prior to corporal punishment - students shall be advised why they are being paddled and be provided with the opportunity to present their side of the story prior to the administration of corporal punishment. Such punishment shall be administered under conditions not calculated to hold them up to ridicule or shame and shall be administered in the presence of another adult who is informed beforehand and in the presence of the student the reason for the punishment.

Upon written request, the school will provide the student's parent(s) or guardian with a written explanation of the reason for the punishment and the name of the adult witness. A parent or guardian may make a written request that a student be exempted from corporal punishment and that an alternative punishment be used.

SUSPENSION OF BUS PRIVILEGES

School bus suspension is the denial of the privilege of riding a school bus, based on misconduct occurring while the student is being transported at public expense. State Board Rule 6A-3.01 7(3)(c), requires the School Board to take action on a suspension which exceeds ten (10) days.

ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION / IN-SCHOOL SUSPENSION

A school may elect to remove a student from regular classes and assign him/her to an alternative education or inschool suspension program. Each school specifies those types of conduct for which alternative education or inschool suspension programs may be used. Due to limitations of facilities and supervision, alternative education or in-school suspension programs may not be offered in all schools.

REMOVAL OF STUDENT FROM THE EDUCATIONAL SCHOOL SETTING

In order to maintain effective learning conditions, the Code also recognizes that it may be necessary to remove a student from the educational school setting for varying periods of time for reasons of persistent disobedience and/or gross misconduct. If a student is removed from the educational school setting (out-of-school suspension), every effort will be exerted to determine and resolve the causes of the problem so that the student might return to school.

EXPULSION

Expulsion is the removal of the right and obligation of a student to attend a public school under conditions set by the school board, and for a period of time not to exceed the remainder of the term or school year and one (1) additional year of attendance. Expulsions may be imposed with or without continuing educational services and shall be reported accordingly.

BANNERMAN LEARNING CENTER

The principal may, at his/her discretion, suspend a student and recommend his/her expulsion or Superintendent's assignment to the Bannerman Learning Center. Bannerman Learning Center is an Alternative Education Program in a location other than the home school. Should the parent(s), guardian, or adult student be offered this opportunity and decline it, the principal may recommend expulsion and immediately send appropriate documentation to the Superintendent.

ZERO TOLERANCE POLICY ON SCHOOL VIOLENCE AND REPORTING OF CRIMES AND/OR DISRUPTIVE BEHAVIOR

Florida Statute 1006.13 mandates that "each district school board shall adopt a policy of zero tolerance for crime and substance abuse...and victimization of students..." whenever and wherever students are under the jurisdiction of the district school board. That law further requires that expulsion be recommended for any student at school or at a school related function with a firearm or weapon, as defined in Chapter 790 or any student making a threat or false report as defined by state statutes 790.162 and 790.163. In fulfilling this statutory requirement, we have incorporated the specified legal definitions into the language of the Code of Conduct. Regardless of language to the contrary in federal or Florida Law, possession of a firearm, electric weapon or destructive device on the property of any school, school bus, or school bus stop is prohibited. This prohibition includes firearms in motor vehicles parked in parking lots, or anywhere on any school property.

It is important that all students and parents understand that certain criminal and/or disruptive behavior **must** be reported to appropriate law enforcement authorities. A referral to the criminal justice or juvenile delinquency system must be made on all violent acts noted below and weapon charges as defined in the Gun Free School Act of 1994 & F.S.790.115. The acts shall receive the most severe consequences provided for by School Board policy.

All of these policies have been enacted to ensure that your child is safe and has every opportunity to benefit from instruction.

The following incidents will be reported and may result in criminal prosecution. If the offense involves a victim, the school shall notify the victim and parents, if a minor, of the offense and the victim's right to press charges against the offender. The School District of Clay County will take all steps necessary to protect the victim of any violent crime from any further victimization. Florida law prohibits any student that commits any of the felony offenses specified by s. 985.455(2)., against another student from attending school with, or riding the same school bus as, the victim or any sibling of the victim. All school personnel will be made aware of the Student Victimization and Zero Tolerance Rule Chapter 2009-53.

XX Offenses that fall under Zero Tolerance Rule receive the most severe consequences provided for by School Board Policy.

Capital Crimes

- XX Homicides (murder, manslaughter)
- XX Sexual Battery (forcible sex offenses)
- XX First degree arson
- XX Kidnapping or abduction

Assault/Battery

- A group of students ganging up on another student and assaulting him on school property.
- **XX** Any person who commits a felony violation relating to assault, battery, and culpable negligence involving serious injury to school personnel or students on school property including school bus.
- XX Battery or aggravated battery on a school personnel
- **XX** Any person offering or attempting bodily harm with the use of a weapon or any instrument capable of inflicting serious injury (aggravated assault) on school property.
- XX Any person making a threat or false report (as defined by s. 790.162, s. 790.163) involving school or school personnel's property, school transportation, or a school sponsored activity.
- XX Intentional false accusation against school personnel. (s.790.162. s. 790.163)

Possession of Weapons (See Gun Free School Act Definition s. 790.115)

XX Possession, use, or sale of a firearm, knife, razor blade, box cutter, or any other item which can be used as a weapon on school property or in attendance at a school function including firearms kept in motor vehicles on school property.

Robbery

- XX Armed robbery or felony related to car-jacking
- Verified incidents or reasonable suspicion to believe that students or non-students are taking or attempting to take money
 or property from other students or staff by force on school property

Theft

Any person involved in the theft of school property, stealing or attempting to steal money or property from students or school personnel.

Victimization

**XX Whenever any person who is attending public school and is adjudicated guilty, delinquent, or has adjudication withheld for a felony violation of: homicide; assault; battery; culpable negligence; kidnapping; false imprisonment; luring or enticing a child and custody offenses; sexual battery; lewdness and indecent exposure; child abuse; robbery; robbery by sudden snatching; carjacking; home-invasion robbery; the Department of Juvenile Justice shall notify the appropriate district school_board of the adjudication or plea and whether the offender is prohibited from attending the same school or riding the same school bus as the victim or the victim's siblings unless the court allows otherwise pursuant to a written disposition order. (F.S. 1006.13 section 812).

Property Damage

- Any person who willfully damages or attempts to damage school property, the property of students or school personnel
 while on school property.
- Any person involved in the willful or malicious burning or destruction of the school, contents of the building or personal property of another on school property.

Offenses Against Intellectual Property - Florida Statutes provide that:

- Whoever willfully, knowingly, and without authorization modifies data, programs, or supporting documentation residing or existing internal or external to a computer, computer system, or computer network commits an offense against intellectual property.
- Whoever willfully, knowingly, and without authorization destroys data, programs, or supporting documentation residing or existing internal or external to a computer, computer system, or computer network commits an offense against intellectual property.

- Whoever willfully, knowingly, and without authorization discloses or takes data, programs, or supporting documentation which is a trade secret as defined in s. 812.081 or is confidential as provided by law residing or existing internal or external to a computer, computer system, or computer network commits an offense against intellectual property.
- Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an offense against intellectual property is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- If the offense is committed for the purpose of devising or executing any scheme or artifice to defraud or to obtain any property, then the offender is guilty of a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- Violations of other computer guidelines may be a Level IV offense.

Disruption of school life

- **XX** Any person who makes a bomb threat or who falsely reports to school personnel the placing or planting of a bomb, dynamite, or other deadly explosive on school premises is automatically recommended for expulsion for not less than one (1) full year. (s.790.162, s. 790.163)
- Any person who knowingly advises, counsels, or instructs any student or school employee to disrupt any school function or classroom; knowingly interferes with the attendance of any student or employee in a school or classroom; conspires to riot, or engages in any disruption or disturbance which interferes with the education process.

Drugs, Alcohol, and Tobacco

- Any person involved in the use, possession, distribution, or sale of alcohol, tobacco or other drugs/controlled substances, whether on school property or at a school function, will not be tolerated to include electronic cigarettes.
- It is unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to knowingly possess any tobacco product. Any person under 18 years of age who violates the provisions of this subsection commits a noncriminal violation as provided in s. 569.11.

Other Serious Incidents

- A fight or accident which results in apparent injury to one or more persons on school property.
- Any person who fights by appointment or challenges another to a duel with a dangerous weapon on school property.
- * XX Any person involved in overt sexual acts including, but not limited to intercourse, sexual battery, attempted rape or rape, felony violation of lewd and indecent exposure, or abuse of children. These acts are expellable offenses and shall be processed as a referral for expulsion.
- XX Forming groups which threaten, frighten, or harm other students.
- Any person who produces or knowingly uses counterfeit money.
- Any person involved in the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of the school or personal property of students or school personnel while on school property.

History. -- s. 283, ch. 2002-387; s.129, ch. 2006-120; s. 3, ch. 2009-53

THE CLAY COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD MAY ASSIGN MORE SEVERE CONSEQUENCES THAN NORMAL WHEN THE OFFENDER APPEARS MOTIVATED BY HOSTILITY TOWARD THE VICTIM'S REAL OR PERCEIVED RACE, RELIGION, COLOR, SEXUAL ORIENTATION, ETHNICITY, ANCESTRY, NATIONAL ORIGIN, POLITICAL BELIEFS, MARITAL STATUS, AGE, SOCIAL AND FAMILY BACKGROUND, LINGUISTIC PREFERENCE, DISABILITY, OR WHEN THE OFFENSE IS DETERMINED TO BE GANGRELATED.

Wireless Communication Devices - Level II Offense

Possession/Use of Wireless Communication Devices (F.S.1006.07(2)(e)

- Students may possess a wireless communication device while the student is on school property or in attendance at a school function for after-hours usage. The wireless communication device must be powered off and kept in a location out of sight upon arrival to school and throughout the entire school day or while on school transportation at any time. If the wireless communication device is "powered on", it will be interpreted as being in "use".
- "Usage" of a wireless communication device during school hours or while on school transportation at any time, unless permission is granted and authorized by school administration, will result in disciplinary action consistent with other Level II offenses.

- Taking photographs or videos by any means whatsoever while on school property or while on school transportation is prohibited. The only exceptions to this prohibition are: 1) Taking photos for reproduction in a school sponsored publication. 2) Taking photos during a school sponsored social event, sporting event, awards ceremony or other school sponsored activity or function at which photography is allowed and the photographs are images of activities which are reasonably considered to be part of the activity or event. 3) Taking photographs with the permission of the school administration. Publication on any internet site of any photographs, videos or images taken in violation of the prohibitions listed above is strictly prohibited, will be deemed disruptive to the order of the school and will be sufficient reason to impose disciplinary measures which may include, but not be limited to, in-school suspension, out of school suspension and recommendation for expulsion.
- Please refer to your local school handbook for school policy within these guidelines.

Criminal penalties may result if a wireless communication device is used in a criminal act. (F.S.934.215)

GUN FREE SCHOOL ACT OF 1994 & FLORIDA STATUTES 790.115

The following are prohibited on any school property (including parking areas), school bus, school bus stop, and school sponsored event:

- Any weapon which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive;
- The frame or receiver of any weapon described above;
- Any firearm muffler or firearm silencer;
- Any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, bomb, grenade, rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces, missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce, mine or similar device
- Any weapon which will, or which may be readily converted to, expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or other propellant, and which has any barrel with a bore of more than one-half inch in diameter;
- Any combination of parts either designed or intended for use in converting any device into any destructive device
 described in the two immediately preceding examples, and from which a destructive device may be readily assembled.
- Any Firearm
- Any weapon as defined in Florida Stature 790.00 (13)

F.S. 790.115(1) Possession or discharging of weapons or firearms: Exhibition of any sword, sword cane, firearm, electric weapon or device, destructive device, or other weapon, as defined in FS.790.001(13) including a razor blade, box cutter, knife, or common pocketknife except as authorized in support of school sanctioned activities, in the presence of one or more persons in a rude, careless, angry, or threatening manner and not in lawful self-defense, at a school-sponsored event or on the grounds or facilities of any school, or on a school bus, or school bus stop when the bus is present at the bus stop (F.S. 1006.10(3), or within 1,000 feet of the property that comprises a public or private school during school hours or during the time of a sanctioned school activity, commits a felony of the third degree.

PROCEDURES RELATING TO DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

Procedures for Firearms violations, Weapons (Per F.S. 790.115(1), Assault and other Major Offenses

- Any student who is determined to have brought a firearm or weapon (as defined in Chapter 790.115(1), F.S.) to school, onto any school ground (including parking areas), to any school function, or onto any school-sponsored transportation and for making threats or false reports (as defined in F.S. 790.162 and 790.163) is automatically recommended TO BE EXPELLED FOR NOT LESS THAN ONE (1) FULL YEAR.
- The Superintendent may consider the one year expulsion on a case by case basis and request the School Board to modify the requirement, including placement in Bannerman Learning Center, if in the best interest of the student and school system.
- Possession of an artificial firearm is an automatic suspension and/or possible expulsion recommendation to the Superintendent.

Clay County School Board Policy 4.12(P) Use of Metal Detectors

School officials or school employees designated by the principal may conduct metal detector checks of groups of individuals if the checks are done in a minimally intrusive, nondiscriminatory manner (e.g., on all students in a randomly selected class; on every third individual entering an athletic event). Metal detector checks of groups of individuals may not be used to single out a particular individual or category of individuals.

If a school official or a law enforcement officer has reasonable suspicion to believe that a particular student is in possession of an illegal or unauthorized metal container, object, or weapon he or she may conduct a metal detector check of the student's person and personal effects.

A student's failure to permit a metal detector check as provided in this policy will be considered grounds for disciplinary action, including suspension.

The Superintendent shall develop procedures for implementing this policy. (These procedures are found in the Administrative Procedures Handbook - # SD-SS04-011 under "Support Services".)



Student Crime Watch Programs

To ensure that you continue to enjoy a safe school environment...we all need to do our part.

A toll-free hotline has been established for anonymously reporting crimes, dangerous, or potentially dangerous situations or criminal activity.

The Clay County School Safety Hotline is 1-877-723-2728

Student Locker Search

School personnel may conduct a search of a student's possessions, a student's locker, or any other storage area on school property or student vehicle without a warrant when school personnel have reasonable suspicion that illegal, prohibited, harmful items or substance, or stolen property may be concealed in such location. School personnel have the authority to search a student's possessions upon reasonable suspicion, if the student refuses to reveal the contents inside.

School personnel are encouraged to attempt to obtain consent from a student to search for illegal, prohibited, harmful items or substances, or stolen property, but may proceed with a search without a student's consent, upon reasonable suspicion of a prohibited or illegally-possessed substance or object.

Principals are authorized to utilize trained dogs to detect the presence of illegally possessed substances or objects in student lockers and in student automobiles parked on campus. This will be done in cooperation with the Sheriff's Department at the Principal's request. Florida Statute 1006.09(9)

Procedures for Drug and Alcohol Violations

As per Florida Statute 1006.09(8): School personnel are **REQUIRED** to report to the principal or the principal's designee any suspected unlawful use, possession, or sale by a student of any controlled substance, as defined in s.893.02; any counterfeit controlled substance, as defined in s.831.31; any alcoholic beverage, as defined in s.561.01(4); or model glue. School personnel are exempt from civil liability when reporting in good faith to the proper school authority such as suspected unlawful use, possession, or sale by a student. Only a principal or principal's designee is authorized to contact a parent or legal guardian of a student regarding this situation.

Violations may include:

- Use, possession, under the influence of, or sale of alcohol or other controlled substance or alleged substance, including over-the-counter drugs.
- Endangering the health and safety of students by distribution or preparation of information, written or oral, while on school property for the purpose of soliciting, participation or attendance in parties or gatherings where it is known, represented or likely that statutorily prohibited chemical substances will be distributed or consumed.
- Criminal use of wireless communication device on campus. (Individual school administration will establish and publish guidelines for "authorized possession" of wireless communication devices while the student is on school property or in attendance at a school function within the guidelines of the district policy.)

First Offense:

- Notify police and parents
- Issue 10-day suspension notice and recommendation for expulsion (see ESE District procedures and guidelines for students referred or staffed into ESE).
- Notify Superintendent by sending paperwork and recommendations. Options to be used to reduce 10 day suspension and expulsion recommendation are made using STD-1-2424 if thorough investigation uncovers unusual circumstances.
- Limited to Unusual Circumstances: After Principal confers with Superintendent or his designees:
 - Secondary schools may use Level III and IV options after Superintendent's approval to reduce the 10-day suspension and expulsion recommendation at the school level administrative hearing, conducted by the principal. Up to seven of the 10 days may be waived if student and parent agree to complete a family education program authorized by the principal.

Elementary schools - may use Level II through IV options to reduce the 10-day suspension and expulsion recommendation at the school level administrative hearing conducted by the principal. It will be the principal's decision on suspension days waived including, but not limited to, suspensions waived if parents and students agree to complete a family education program when available.

Secondary or elementary options may include but are not limited to:

- Family Education Program for secondary student's only (county substance abuse and violence prevention program with parents' and students' participation).
- Approved counseling by outside agency (documentation of enrollment required within 4 weeks).
- Recommended Bannerman Learning Center placement including parents' and students' participation in the Family Education Program (for secondary student's only).
- Other local and district administrative recommendations (after principal confers with Superintendent or County Office staff designee).

Second and Subsequent Offenses

- Suspend 10 days with recommendation for expulsion of student
- Send expulsion recommendation to the Superintendent
- The Student Hearing Officer may convene the District Discipline Review Committee to examine a situation or unusual circumstances and make the recommendation to the Superintendent.

Recommendations to the Superintendent may include:

- Expulsion recommendation reaffirmed
- Other actions deemed appropriate by the District Discipline Review Committee
- Bannerman Learning Center placement (secondary only)

PROCEDURES FOR OUT-OF-SCHOOL SUSPENSION

A school principal may suspend a student from school for up to ten school days from all classes of instruction on school grounds and all other school sponsored activities, except as authorized by the principal or principal's designee, for persistent disobedience and/or gross misconduct. Principals take this action when they have exhausted informal and other formal disciplinary strategies, or when they have at least considered those alternatives and rejected them as inappropriate in a given situation. Pursuant to Florida Statute 1006.09(1)(b), no student who is required by law to attend school shall be suspended for unexcused tardiness, or absences. Therefore, suspension is not an appropriate disciplinary action for Truancy as it relates to students who fall within the mandatory state attendance requirements.

- Prior to suspension, the student shall be advised why he/she is being suspended, be provided an opportunity to refute the charges, and be given an opportunity to submit to the administrator a list of names of other individuals who might have witnessed the incident.
- Written notice shall be sent to parent(s) or guardian regarding the reason disciplinary action was taken. Generally, a notice and conference should precede the student's suspension from school.
- If the immediate suspension of the student is justified because the student's presence endangers others or school property or would disrupt the orderly academic process, the necessary notice and conference, if requested, will follow as soon as practicable.
- During the out-of-school suspension, the student is placed in the custody of his/her parent or legal guardian.
- The school is required to provide homework assignments to the student to be completed by the student.

PROCEDURES FOR EXPULSION

A school principal may request the Superintendent to recommend the expulsion of a student. Expulsion is the removal of the right and obligation of a student to attend a public school under conditions set by the school board, and for a period of time not to exceed the reminder of the term or school year and one (1) additional year of attendance. Expulsions may be imposed with or without continuing educational services and shall be reported accordingly.

- Prior to expulsion, the student shall be advised why he/she has been recommended for expulsion, be provided with an opportunity to refute the charges, and be given the opportunity to submit to the administrator a list of names of other individuals who might have witnessed the incident.
- Should the principal make a recommendation to the Superintendent for expulsion, the parent and student or adult student has a right to a hearing with the principal.
- At that time, the parent or adult student may request to have any willing witnesses that they deem appropriate who were involved in the case be present.
- At the Principal's suspension hearing, the parent or adult student shall also be advised of the right to appeal and be advised of the appeal procedures to the District Discipline Review Committee.
- If the parent or adult student feels they have not been afforded a fair hearing at the school and district level, they have the right to request in writing a hearing before the School Board.

17

In the event that a student who has been recommended to expulsion withdraws from enrollment in the Clay County School, the expulsion proceedings shall continue as though the student had not withdrawn. The Principal, Superintendent and School Board shall not delay action on an expulsion recommendation pending re-entry/re-registration of the student in Clay County District schools.

SUSPENSION PROCESS AND APPEAL OF A SUSPENSION

- The principal is initially responsible for determining that a suspension offense has been committed.
- In investigating such incidents, the student will be given in writing the pending charges and an opportunity to admit or refute those charges.
- It should be noted that any statement that a student makes may be used, along with other documentation, to prove whether the student is guilty or not guilty of the offense(s) charged.
- The principal's conclusions should be based on documentation of the facts pertaining to the incident.
- The school principal, after reviewing the case with the parent or adult student, will either affirm the length of suspension as originally stated in the Suspension Letter, or reduce the length of suspension upon consideration of the results of the parental conference.
- Clay County Public Schools Suspension Review, STD-1-2424, or changes on the original suspension notice, shall be used for reducing the length of a suspension.
- The parent, or adult student, at the initial conference, should be advised of his/her right to appeal the action to the Superintendent through his designee (Director of Student Services).
- If the parent, guardian, or adult student feels that they were not afforded a fair hearing, or disagree with a result at the school, he/she shall appeal to the Superintendent's designee (Director of Student Services) in writing within 3 days.
- The Superintendent or designee may convene the District Discipline Review Committee. This committee may consist of one or more of the following administrators: The Clay County Student Hearing Officer; Director of Student Services or designee; Director of Instructional Programs or designee; Director of Exceptional Student Education or designee; Bannerman Learning Center Principal or designee; or other appropriate administrators.
- This committee shall hear any additional testimony that may be deemed necessary to aid the Superintendent's review.
- This Committee shall attempt to rectify any procedural errors. This policy shall not be interpreted as permitting the Committee to substitute their judgment for the judgment of the Principal.
- The Committee's recommendation will be presented to the Superintendent.
- Provisions shall be made for District School Board review of the case if such an appeal is made by the parent by phone to the county office or writing within 3 days of receiving the Superintendent's decision.

These hearings will be conducted pursuant to Florida Statutes 1006.07(1)(a) and 1006.08(1). Suspension hearings are exempted from provisions of Ch. 120 F.S. Expulsion hearings shall be governed by F.S. 120.57(2) and are exempt from F.S. 286.0111.

DISCIPLINE PROCEDURES FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

The School District of Clay County is committed to providing all students with disabilities a free, appropriate public education. While this commitment includes all aspects of the disabled students learning experience, it in no way lessens the School Board's intention to maintain a safe, orderly environment for the entire student and staff population. Additionally, the School Board believes that the implementation of thoughtful, carefully constructed disciplinary procedures is a necessary component of student education.

Formal disciplinary actions described in the Clay County Code of Student Conduct may be used with students with disabilities when trained professionals have evidence that such strategies are appropriate to the student's conduct and contribute to his learning process. When necessary to ensure the overall safety, welfare, and/or order of the school environment, a student with disabilities may be subjected to short-term suspension with all alternative procedures and safeguards affirmed. More serious violations may result in a recommendation for expulsion and/or an administrative placement in an Alternative Exceptional Education setting.

Procedures which govern a change of setting generally follow these guidelines:

- Students with disabilities who have been determined to have committed certain Level III or Level IV violations of the Code of Student Conduct may be recommended for expulsion.
- A group of professionals trained to provide input regarding the student's disabling condition documents evidence that the on campus expellable event is not a manifestation of this condition. The group shall include, at least, the school psychologist, appropriate ESE (Exceptional Student Education) personnel, and administrative representation of the referring campus.
- This group shall convene with the parents of the student recommended for expulsion to generate an appropriate IEP (individual education plan) or 504 Plan.

- If it is determined that the offense is a manifestation of the disabling condition, the student may not be expelled, but may be provided services for a limited time in an alternative setting. The setting will be determined by an IEP or 504 Plan committee. Appropriate goal and objectives to address the inappropriate behavior will be generated and implemented in the resulting educational setting.
- In addition to the student's placement in an appropriate ESE Program or 504 Plan, there is documented evidence of the availability of necessary support services and concentrated alternatives. Further, a Functional Behavior Assessment/Intervention Plan (FBAI Plan) is to be generated or reviewed and added to the IEP or 504 Plan.
- A district-wide discipline hearing may be held to consider the Principal's recommendations to the Superintendent.
- The recommendations will be based on the Statement of Manifestation and the determination of eligibility for expulsion.
- After a review of the following documentation by the ESE Director or Student Services staff, the Superintendent may notify the parents (regarding) the Clay County School Board hearing schedule and the rights accorded the student at the hearing:
 - > Statement of Manifestation
 - > Current IEP, including relevant matrix amendments, or 504 Plan
 - > and LRE (least restrictive environment)
 - > FBA/BIP FBAI Plan
- All Due Process Rights and Procedures are granted students with disabilities.
- Under no circumstances shall expulsion of a student with disabilities result in a complete cessation of educational services. Students will be provided an alternative setting in order to insure that the IEP or 504 Plan is continued.
- When a student commits multiple Level III offenses, recommendation of expulsion is an optional response. This response is not usually appropriate for the disabled student.
- If the recurring Level III violations persist even after implementing FBA/BIP for a reasonable period of time, recommendation for more restrictive placement can be considered.

NOTE: In reference to Section 504 students, the consequences for drug or alcohol use or possession by any student with a disability who currently is using alcohol or drugs are not different from non-disabled students. Due process procedures do not protect Section 504 students currently using drugs or alcohol.

PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSION FOR FELONY COMMITTED OUTSIDE THE CLAY COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM

- 1. Section 1006.09(2), Florida Statutes, gives the principal the authority to suspend a student who is formally charged by a proper prosecuting attorney (not just arrested) with a felony which occurred on property other than public school property.
- 2. It must be shown that the incident has an adverse impact on the educational program, discipline, or welfare in the school in which the student is enrolled.
- 3. Upon receiving proper notice that a student has been formally charged with a felony, the principal shall immediately notify the parent or guardian of the student, in writing, of the specific charges against the student and of the right to a hearing prior to disciplinary action being instituted under the provisions of Section 1006.09(2), Florida Statutes.
- 4. Such notice shall stipulate a date for hearing which shall be not less than two (2) school days nor more than five (5) school days from postmarked date, or delivery, of the notice and shall also advise the parent of the conditions under which a waiver of suspension may be granted, as prescribed in subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) of Section 1006.09, Florida Statutes. Pending such hearing, the student may be temporarily suspended by the principal.
- 5. The hearing shall be conducted by the principal, or designee, and may be attended by the student, the parent, the student's representative or counsel, and any witnesses requested by the student or the principal.
- 6. The student may speak in his or her own defense, may present any evidence indicating his or her eligibility for waiver of disciplinary action, and may be questioned on his or her testimony. However, the student shall not be threatened with punishment or later punished for refusal to testify.
- 7. In conducting the hearing, the principal or designee shall not be bound by rules of evidence or any other courtroom procedure, and no transcript of testimony shall be required.
- 8. Following the hearing, the principal shall provide the student and parent with a decision, in writing, as to whether or not suspension will be made. In arriving at this decision, the principal shall consider the conditions prescribed by subsections 2(a) and (b) of Section 1006.09(2), Florida Statutes, under which a waiver of suspension may be granted, and may grant such a waiver when he or she determines such action to be in the best interests of the school and the student; provided, however, that any suspension pending adjudication of guilt shall be made only upon a finding, based upon conclusive evidence, that a felony charge has been formally filed against the student by a proper prosecuting attorney.

- 9. Any student subject to felony suspension as a result of the possession or use of any controlled substance under chapter 893 of Florida Statues may be entitled to a waiver of the discipline:
 - (a) If the pupil divulges information leading to the arrest and conviction of the person who supplied such controlled substance to him or her, or if the student voluntarily discloses his or her unlawful possession of such controlled substance prior to his or her arrest.
 - (b) If the pupil commits him or herself, or is referred by the court in lieu of sentence, to a state-licensed drug abuse program and successfully completes the program.
 - (1)The principal shall have authority to modify the decision to either grant or deny a waiver at any time prior to adjudication of the student's guilt by a court, provided that any such modification adverse to the student shall be made only following a hearing conducted in accordance with this rule.
- 10. Suspension pursuant to this process shall not affect the delivery of educational services to the student shall be enrolled in an alternative education program.
- 11. If the charges are dismissed, dropped, reduced to a misdemeanor, or if a court adjudicates the student not guilty of the felony, the suspension shall be terminated and the student shall be returned to his home school.
- 12. If the court determines that the student did commit the felony or delinquent act which would be a felony if committed by an adult, the principal may recommend that the student be expelled, provided that the expulsion shall not affect the delivery of educational services.
- 13. Students who are eligible for services under the IDEA and/or 504 are subject to those procedural requirements.

Procedures for Assault and Battery to School Board Personnel

Violations may include:

- Striking a school board employee
- Any person threatening or attempting bodily harm when the person being threatened feels that the threat is real and may be carried out.

Procedures:

- Notify police (staff presses charges to assure CCEA or CESPA involvement)
- Notify parents
- Issue 10-day suspension notice to all students under this infraction with recommendation for expulsion (see ESE guidelines for students referred or staffed into ESE and the ten-day suspension must be addressed at the district-wide meeting).
- Notify Superintendent by sending paperwork and recommendations. Recommendations may include temporary placement in Bannerman Learning Center prior to School Board hearing
- The Superintendent or designee will convene the District Discipline Review Committee to investigate the violations. The Superintendent or designee will select the members of the committee, including members of the Clay County Education Association (CCEA) or Clay Educational Staff Professional Association Local 7409 (CESPA) when the injured staff member presses charges. If the school personnel (victim) press charges on the student, they should attend the district-wide meeting unless they choose not to.
- The student must attend this review meeting. (Unusual circumstances to prevent this should be processed as part of the discipline backup material.)
- The committee will present its findings to the Superintendent to be forwarded to the School Board.

Procedures Relating to Harassment

It is the policy of the Clay County School District to maintain a learning environment that is free from harassment based on sex, race, color, sexual orientation, national origin, or disability as required by federal laws prohibiting discrimination by school districts receiving federal financial assistance.

It shall be a violation of District policy for any student, teacher, administrator, or other school personnel of this district to harass a student through conduct of a sexual nature, or regarding race, color, sexual_orientation, national origin or disability as defined by this policy.

It shall also be a violation of District policy for any teacher, administrator, or other school personnel of this District to tolerate sexual harassment or harassment based on race, color, sexual orientation, national origin, or disability by a student, teacher, administrator, or other school personnel, or by any third parties who are participating in, observing, or otherwise engaged in activities, including sporting events and other extracurricular activities, under the auspices of the School District.

For purposes of this policy, harassment of a student consists of verbal, written, or physical conduct relating to an individual's sex, race, color, sexual orientation, national origin, or disability when the harassing conduct is sufficiently severe, persistent, pervasive, and objectively offensive so that it can be said to deprive the victim of access to the educational opportunities or benefits provided by the school.

Definitions of Harassment

Sexual harassment consists of unwelcome and unsolicited sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, sexually motivated physical conduct, or any other verbal or physical conduct or communication of a sexual nature. Sexual harassment can take two forms: 1) hostile environment and 2) "quid pro quo" which means "you do something for me and I'll do something for you" in a sexual context.

Examples of sexual harassment may include:

- sexual advances
- unnecessary touching, patting, grabbing, pinching, or brushing against the body of the same or opposite sex
- unwelcome physical behavior, verbal or written words or symbols directed at an individual's gender, clothing, body, or activities
- suggestive or obscene sounds or gestures
- sexual or dirty jokes
- touching oneself sexually or talking about one's sexual activity in front of others
- spreading rumors about or rating other students as to sexual activity or performance
- inappropriate physical exposure

Harassment because of race, color, sexual orientation, or national origin consists of verbal or physical conduct relating to an individual's race, color, sexual orientation, or national origin when the harassing conduct is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive that it affects a student's ability to participate in or benefit from an educational program or activity, or creates an intimidating, threatening or abusive educational environment.

Examples of conduct, which may constitute harassment because of race, color, sexual orientation, or national origin, include:

- graffiti containing offensive language which refers to a person's race, color, sexual orientation, or national origin
- name calling, jokes, or rumors
- threatening or intimidating conduct directed at a person because of his/her race, color, sexual orientation, or national origin
- racial or ethnic slurs, negative stereotypes, and hostile acts based on another's race, color, sexual_orientation, or national origin
- a physical act of aggression or assault upon another because of, or in a manner reasonably related to, that person's race, color, sexual orientation, or national origin
- other kinds of aggressive conduct such as theft or damage to property which is motivated by race, color, sexual orientation, or national origin

Harassment because of a disability consists of verbal or physical conduct relating to an individual's physical or mental impairment when the harassing conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that it affects a student's ability to participate in or benefit from services or opportunities in an educational program or activity, or creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational environment.

Examples of conduct, which may constitute harassment because of a disability include:

- graffiti containing offensive language derogatory to a person because of their physical or mental disability
- threatening or intimidating conduct directed at another because of that person's physical or mental disability
- jokes, rumors, taunting, belittling, or name calling based on that person's physical or mental disability
- slurs, negative stereotypes, and hostile acts which are based upon an individual's physical or mental disability
- a physical act of aggression or assault upon another because of, or in a manner reasonably related to, an individual's physical or mental disability
- other kinds of aggressive conduct such as theft or damage to property which is motivated by an individual's physical or mental disability

Definition of Bullying

Bullying –The incident is bullying if the incident includes systematically and chronically inflicting physical hurt or psychological distress on one or more students or employees that is severe or pervasive enough to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment; or unreasonably interfere with the individual's school performance or participation.

Examples may include - Student spreads nasty rumors at school about another person, in conversation, in a note, or through cyberbullying to include e-mail, instant messaging or other forms of social media. Student repeatedly teases another person in a mean way, calling him/her inappropriate names, making fun of his/her appearance, or the way he/she talks, dresses, or acts.

Procedures for Reporting Harassment/Bullying

Students should report the complaint directly to a teacher, guidance counselor, or administrator. (If the accused harasser/bully should be the principal, students should contact the Director or Supervisor of Student Services at (904) 284-6511 or 272-8100, Ext. 6511 or 2673 or (from Keystone Heights) 1-888-663-2529, Ext. 6511 or 2673.

Students should tell their parents.

Students may ask their teacher, counselor, or parent to help them report the incident to their principal or assistant principal. Students should be prepared to give accurate details of who, what, when, where, and how.

Procedures for Investigating Harassment/Bullying

- Principal immediately notifies victim's parent/guardian of the reported bullying/harassment.
- Principal selects a neutral designee to initiate the investigation.
- Interviews of the victim, alleged harasser/bully, and witnesses are conducted individually and documented. School counselor should be notified to schedule individual counseling session to determine the counseling needs of the victim and perpetrator.
- The administrative designee shall collect and evaluate the facts including:
 - > the nature of the behavior
 - > how often the conduct occurred
 - > whether there were past incidents or past continuing patterns of behavior
 - > the relationship between the parties involve
 - the race, national origin, sex, disability (if any) and age of the victim
 - > the identity of the perpetrator, including whether the perpetrator was in a position of power over the student allegedly subjected to harassment/bullying
 - > the number of alleged harassers/bullies
 - > the age of the alleged harasser/bully
 - > where the harassment/bullying occurred
 - > whether there have been other incidents in the school involving the same or other students
 - > whether the conduct adversely affected the student's education or educational environment
 - > the context in which the alleged incidents occurred

Whether a particular action or incident constitutes a violation of this policy requires a determination based on all the facts and surrounding circumstances.

- Recommend remedial steps necessary to stop the harassing/bullying behavior.
- Write a final report to the Principal.
- Actions taken to protect the victim are reported to the victim's parent/guardian.

The maximum of 60 school days shall be the limit for the initial filing of incidents that fall under the Federal guidelines for harassing behavior and completion of the investigative procedural steps. All reports_of bullying will be handled in a timely manner. The highest level of confidentiality possible will be upheld regarding the submission of a complaint or report of harassment/bullying and the investigative procedures that follow.

Submission of a good faith complaint or report of harassment/bullying will not affect the complainant or reporter's future employment, grades, learning or working environment, or work assignments. Retaliation against one who reports an incident of harassment/bullying in good faith will not be tolerated. However, if frivolous actions are brought against the school board or school officials under Title IX, it is important to note that Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is aimed at curbing abuses of the judicial system.

Any person who wrongfully and intentionally accuses another person of bullying/harassment will be subject to disciplinary action. (Reference SB Policy 1.12)



Clay Charter Academy

CLASSIFICATION OF VIOLATIONS

The Code of Student Conduct defines violations identified by principals, administrators, teachers, and students, and the community members which are representatives of those acts frequently causing disruption of the orderly educational process.

THIS LIST IS NOT ALL INCLUSIVE, AND A STUDENT COMMITTING AN ACT OF MISCONDUCT NOT LISTED WILL, NEVERTHELESS, BE SUBJECT TO THE DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY OF THE PRINCIPAL.

A major consideration in the application of the Code of Student Conduct is the identification of the most appropriate disciplinary action necessary to bring about positive student behavior. To that end, specific grounds for disciplinary action have been divided into four subgroups and a variety of administrative actions have been suggested or mandated. The violations in various subgroups represent a continuum of misbehavior based on the seriousness of the act and the frequency of occurrences. Violations classified at Level I are relatively minor and involve acts which only minimally disrupt the orderly conduct of the educational process in the classroom. By contrast, Level IV misconducts involve criminal acts or acts that cause extreme disruption and are so serious that they represent a direct and immediate threat to the welfare of other individuals.

It is important to note that the administrator and teacher, consistent with the power delegated to him/her, has the authority to take additional or more severe administrative action under this Code if, in his/her opinion, the nature of the misconduct warrants it.

Each classroom teacher should deal with general classroom disruption by taking in-class disciplinary action, by making a personal call to the parents or guardians when feasible, and by scheduling conferences with parent(s) or guardian and other school staff. Only when the action taken by the teacher is ineffective, or the disruption is sufficiently severe, should the student be referred to the principal or his/her designee. Teachers will be notified of the results of the action taken.

The charts on the following pages list these violations and the recommended or mandated disciplinary action. In addition to the Statutes noted in this document, other F.S. referring to discipline and control of students include:

1001.41	General powers of School Board
1001.42	Powers & duties of the School Board
1001.43	Supplemental powers and duties of School Board/Student management
1003.01(5)(a)(b)(6)	Definitions of Suspension and Expulsion
1003.31	Pupils subject to control of school
1003.32	Authority of Teacher
1003.32(4)(5)(6)(7)	Teacher authority to remove a student
1006.08	Duties and Responsibilities of the Superintendent
1006.09	Authority of Principal
1006.09(9)	Search of student locker or storage area
1006.09(8)	Reports of suspected substance or alcohol abuse; exemption from liability
1006.10	Authority of school bus driver
1006.11(2)	Liability of Teacher or Principal
1006.13	Zero Tolerance for Crime & Victimization
1006.13(5)	School attendance and transportation of certain offenders
1006.14	Pupils prohibited from belonging to secret societies
69.11; 569.101; & 569.12	Penalties/reporting of tobacco products
790.115	Possessing or discharging weapons or firearms at a school-sponsored event or on school property prohibited; penalties; exceptions.
6A1.0404	Zero Tolerance for School Related Violent Crime
6A1.0956	Suspension on the basis of felony charge

Level I

Level 1 offense is relatively minor misbehavior or general classroom disruption which interferes with the orderly educational process in the classroom or other areas.

The school district employee who is supervising the student or who observes the misbehavior should intervene in the misconduct. If repeated misbehavior or further action is necessary the school district employee should refer the student to the school administrator. After hearing the student's explanation, consulting with staff members and doing any other investigation necessary, the administrator will decide on disciplinary action.

Examples of Violations:

- Cheating
- Disrespectful language or behavior
- Disobeying rules on the school bus
- Dress Code Violation
- Failure to comply with class or school rules
- Lying and/or false and misleading information
- Name calling (not related to racial or ethnic)
- Tardiness, habitual
- Other: Any other minor act of misconduct which interferes with the orderly operation of the classroom, the school program, a school function or activity, an extracurricular activity or on school approved transportation.

Disciplinary Response: One or more may be used.

- Behavioral contract
- Counseling and direction
- Detention
- Parental Contact (Written and/or verbal)
- Special assignment related to offense
- Time-out area
- Verbal reprimand
- Others as defined by school-based administrators

Level II

Level II offenses are acts of misbehavior whose frequency and seriousness tends to disrupt the learning climate of the school. These infractions usually result from a continuation of Level I misbehavior and require administrative personnel intervention because execution of Level I disciplinary procedures and options has failed to correct the situation.

This misconduct must be reported to the appropriate school administrator for disciplinary action. The administrator will follow the procedure designated for minor violations (Level I) in investigating the situation and deciding on disciplinary action.

Examples of Violations:

- Abuse of school property/minor vandalism
- Bus Disruption
- Computer Misuse
- Disobedience/Insubordination
- Forgery of a document or signature
- Gambling
- Profane/obscene or abusive language/materials
- Participation in prohibited/secret societies
- Petty Theft/Stealing
- Threat (non-criminal)
- Use of wireless communication devices
- Repeated misconduct of Level I offenses

Disciplinary Response: One or more may be used.

- Behavioral contract
- Bus Suspension
- Corporal Punishment
- Counseling and direction
- Detention
- In-School/Out-of-School Suspension
- Parental Contact (Written and/or verbal)
- Peer Mediation
- Special assignment related to offense
- Time-out area
- Verbal reprimand
- Others as defined by school-based administrator

Level III

Level III infractions are major acts of misconduct. They include repeated misconduct acts from Level II, serious disruptions of school order and threats to the health, safety and property of others. The misconduct must be reported promptly to the school administrator, who may remove the student from the school or activity immediately.

Examples of Violations:

- Battery
- Breaking and entering/Burglary
- Bullying/Harassment
- Computer Misuse
- Distribution of obscene material
- Extortion/blackmail/coercion
- False Fire Alarm
- Fighting (Physical Contact)
- Inappropriate or obscene act
- Inappropriate use of photographic or image recording device
- Larceny/Theft (Stealing less than \$300)
- Possession/Use of Tobacco Products
- Selling, possession or use of drug paraphernalia

 Unauthorized possession or use of prescription or non-prescription medications

Disciplinary Response: One or more may be used.

- Assignment to an Alternative Program/School including completion of a School District or State approved Drug Prevention/Family Education Program
- Behavior Contract (Written)
- In-school / Out-of-school Suspension
- Parental Contact (Mandatory)
- Referral to law enforcement
- Return of property, payment for same or restitution for damages
- Suspension from bus (for bus-related offenses)

Level IV

Level IV acts of misconduct are the most serious. Any Level IV act is grounds for expulsion, and will result in a mandatory 10-day suspension. These acts are clearly criminal and are so serious as to require administrative actions which will result in immediate removal of the student from school, the intervention of law enforcement authorities and/or action by the Superintendent, or the Clay County School Board. Level IV also includes repeated misconduct acts from Level III.

Examples of Violations:

- Arson or Bomb Threat/False Report
- Aggravated Assault/Battery
- Aggravated Assault/Battery on School Board Employee
- Being under the influence of, or possession, use, sale, intent to sell, or distribution of drugs (including imitation drugs, prescription or non-prescription drugs represented as drugs), alcoholic beverages & inhalants
- Hazing
- Kidnapping or abduction/Homicide
- Making false accusations against School Board Employee
- Possession of a firearm
- Possession or transfer of a deadly weapon
- Possession, use, sale, storage, or distribution of an explosive device
- Robbery/Larceny/Theft ≥\$300
- Sexual Battery/ Sex Offense

- Sexual Harassment
- Threat of violence, high level
- Vandalism
- Any other Zero Tolerance Policy act

Disciplinary Response: One or more may be used.

- Administrative assignment to Alternative School
- Completion of a Family Education Program (school district or state approved)
- Referral to law enforcement
- Recommended expulsion
- School bus suspension or expulsion
- Ten (10) days out-of-school suspension

Required Discipline Response: Administrative removal from a leadership position and extra-curricular activities including school sponsored activities for one semester or a minimum of 60 school days.

A Reminder from our Safe and Drug Free Schools Department:

If your children know of any problems at school, tell them to share the information with an adult.



Together, we make a difference!

25

PUBLIC NOTICES

TO

STUDENTS AND PARENTS

2013-2014

RIGHTS UNDER THE FAMILY EDUCATIONAL RIGHTS AND PRIVACY ACT (Buckley Amendment)

INTRODUCTION

The revised Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) became a Federal law in November, 1974 (amended 1976). The intent of this law is to protect the accuracy and privacy of student educational records. The Clay County School Board has adopted a policy for the implementation of this Act and the Superintendent of Schools has approved administrative procedures for this purpose.

Accordingly, this notice outlines the type of student information collected and how that information is maintained and released. It further indicates the school officials who have the responsibility to follow appropriate procedures regarding the information.

Section 1003.25 and Section 1002.22, F.S. mandates that each principal maintain a permanent cumulative record for each student enrolled in a public school. Such records are to be maintained according to a format prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education. These State Board Rules also define the data which must be kept.

WHAT INFORMATION IS IN A STUDENT'S RECORD?

Education records of a student include but are not necessarily limited to: personally identifiable data (student and parent name, address, birth date, birthplace, sex, race), academic record, standardized test results, attendance records, health data, family background information, teacher or counselor ratings and observation, psychological reports, extra-curricular activities, honors and awards, list of schools attended, and any other evidence, knowledge, or information recorded in any medium and maintained and used by an educational institution or by a person acting for such institution. The principal may maintain a separate disciplinary file for students involved in misconduct to include, but not be limited to, description of misconduct, suspension notices, records of action taken, etc. As amended by NCLB (No Child Left Behind), the district will transfer disciplinary records, with respect to a suspension or expulsion, as part of the student's educational record to any private or public elementary school or secondary school for any student who is enrolled or seeks, intends, or is instructed to enroll, on a full-or part-time basis, in the school (Section 4155 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965). Confidential records created by the Department of Juvenile Justice are not included in a Student's Educational record. The destruction of student records is in accordance with a retention schedule approved by the Bureau of Archives.

WHO HAS ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS?

Those persons having access to student records are the School Board, the Superintendent, school personnel within a school or school district with a legitimate educational interest and others specified by Section 1002.22 F.S. A Record of Request shall be maintained in the records. These records are maintained under the direction of the principal.

WHAT ARE THE RIGHTS OF A PARENT OR ADULT STUDENT?

According to (34C.F.R. § 300.20), a parent means:

- A natural or adoptive parent of a child;
- A guardian:
- A person acting in the place of a parent (such as a grandparent or stepparent with whom the child lives, or a person who
 is legally responsible for the child's welfare); or
- A surrogate parent; or
- A foster parent if the natural parent's authority to make educational decisions on the child's behalf has been extinguished under State law and the foster parent has an "ongoing, long-term parental relationship with the child; is willing to make the educational decisions required of parents under the Act; and has no interest that would conflict with the interests of the child."

Parents, legal guardians, or adult students (age 18 and/or in post-secondary education) have the right of access, right of waiver of access, right to challenge and hearing, and right of privacy of records maintained on their child, and a right of a copy of the record (at the cost of reproduction).

Transfer, disclosure, or release of student records requires prior written consent of the parent of eligible student exceptions include:

- disclosures made to school officials with legitimate educational interests;
- disclosures made to another school at which the student intends to enroll;
- disclosures made to state or local education authorities for auditing or evaluating federal-or state-supported education programs, or enforcing relevant federal laws; and
- disclosures including information the school has designated as "directory information"

A parent who wishes to review his/her child's record should make an appointment with the principal or school counselor. School personnel are available to interpret student record information. All such requests will be honored by school officials as soon as possible. It is required that requests be honored within thirty (30) days. A copy of the Clay County Student Records Policy is available in all schools, and at the School Board offices in Green Cove Springs.

In case of divorce or legal separation, either parent may have access to a child's educational record unless an appropriate court order to the contrary has been filed with the school.

Whatever rights are vested in the parent shall pass to the student whenever the student has attained eighteen (18) years of age or is attending a postsecondary educational institution, unless the student continues to be carried as a dependent on the parent's income tax return. [Ref. 1002.22(3)] Students under age 18 may assume adult rights if they become married or are emancipated by court order. [Ref. F.S. 743.01 and 743.015] Note: Pregnant and parenting teens continue as minors unless they become married or emancipated by court order.

Parents or eligible students have the right to file a complaint with the Department of Health and Human Services concerning the alleged failure by the educational agency to comply with Section 438 of the Act. (200 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D. C., 20207). F.S. 1000.21(5) defines "Parent" as: either or both parents, any guardian, or any person who is in a parental relationship to a student, or who is exercising supervisory authority in place of a parent over a student of public school age. The school district specific guidelines regarding "in-loco parentis" situation are detailed in School Board Policy 4.08.

ARE THERE ANY RECORDS WHICH THE SCHOOL CAN REFUSE TO SHOW A PARENT OR ELIGIBLE STUDENT?

The right to access does not pertain to the following educational records: teacher's/counselor's /administrator's personal notes and records that are not accessible to any other person except a substitute of any such person; law enforcement records which are maintained solely for their purposes; personnel records, physician, psychologist, psychiatrist records, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional records that are maintained solely in connection with treatment; letters of recommendation/evaluation which were considered confidential and entered into the record prior to July 1, 1977. No public educational institution shall maintain any report or record relative to a pupil or student which includes a copy of the pupil's or student's fingerprints. The name and address of the office that administers FERPA is: Family Policy Compliance Office, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C. 20202-5920; See additional details in F.S. 1002.22(2)(c)1-8.

WHAT INFORMATION IS RELEASED WITHOUT PARENT PERMISSION?

The School District of Clay County reserves the right for its agents to release "directory information" without prior permission of the parent or adult student. Directory information is information that is generally not considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if released. Such information will be limited to name, address, telephone number (if listed), date and place of birth, field of study, age, participation in school sponsored activities, height and weight of athletic team members, dates of attendance, most recent school attended, and degrees and awards received.

This information relating to the student body in general may not be released to any individual or agency unless it is normally published for the public in general or to a business rendering services under contract with the School Board. Examples: the local newspapers, television, school newspaper, school yearbook, or military services.

Section 9528 of the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act requires local education agencies (LEAs) to provide military recruiters with the name, address, and telephone listing of secondary students. The District shall honor any request of a parent or eligible student to withhold any or all of the information relating to a particular student. Photographs are designated as directory information and annual yearbooks and other publications may customarily include student photographs. Parents or eligible students objecting to the use of specific directory information must notify the school principal of such objection in writing within the first month of the student's enrollment.

Personally identifiable information may be disclosed, transferred, or released without prior consent of the parent or eligible student in connection with enrollment in another school, in emergency situations, application for financial aid, research, a state statute, or an accrediting organization; a court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court, or a lawfully issued subpoena upon the condition that the pupil or student and his parent are notified of the order or subpoena in advance of compliance therewith by the educational institution.

In preparation of cases for prosecution under the Compulsory School Attendance and Child Welfare Law (F.S. 1003.21), the school system is authorized to release pertinent data in interpretative form to the State Attorney's Office, to the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the appropriate court without parent consent.

CHILD ABUSE REPORTING

All employees and agents of the District School Board are authorized and mandated by Florida Statute 1006.061 to report all actual or suspected cases of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect to the Department of Children and Families, Central Abuse Hotline (1-800-962-2873), and to provide them with the necessary information to pursue such complaints. Employees have immunity from liability if they report such cases in good faith.

STUDENT SURVEYS

No Child Left Behind (NCLB) requires Local Education Agencies (LEA's) to notify parents and/or obtain parental consent prior to the administration of a student survey that is:

- part of an "applicable program" (funded in whole or in part by any program administered by the United States Department of Education (USDOE) require LEAs to obtain prior written consent of the parent
- surveys that are created by a third party (funded by sources other than USDOE programs) required LEAs to adopt specific
 policies (These surveys do not require prior written parental consent but instead require districts to offer parents the
 opportunity to opt the student out of participation.)
- LEAs are required to make the survey instrument available for inspection by parents regardless of funding source.

By request of the State of Florida, school districts administer the Florida Youth Survey (FYS) which is funded from sources other than the USDOE. The district is required to offer parents the opportunity to opt their child out of the survey.

NOTICE OF CHILD IDENTIFICATION AND EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

The School District of Clay County will actively seek to locate exceptional students and maintain information on those students screened and identified as exceptional. The term "exceptional student" includes the mentally handicapped, the speech and language impaired, the deaf and hard-of-hearing, the blind and partially sighted, the physically impaired, the other health impaired, the emotionally handicapped, the gifted, the homebound or hospitalized and those with specific learning disabilities.

Information gathered may include the student's social, emotional, physical, psychological, academic and communication behaviors and abilities. Information is collected through screening programs, check lists, teacher observations, standardized tests, and from such individuals as parents, teachers, psychologists, and other professional personnel, and the child himself. The information is used to assist in the development of appropriate educational programs for exceptional students and for reports to state and federal agencies.

Students are screened periodically for vision, hearing, speech, and academic achievement as the initial step in the process of identifying those students with suspected exceptionalities. If your child is considered for further testing, you will be invited to participate in the decision-making process in a Child Study Team meeting at your child's school. Before you are asked to give your permission, you will be informed of the purpose of the evaluation and the procedural safeguards made available to you.

Should you have any questions, please contact your child's principal or guidance counselor.

ESE PARENT NOTIFICATION

Notice of Procedural Safeguards for Parents of Student with Disabilities

As a parent you can access the electronic Procedural Safeguards on the district website at:

www.clay.k12.fl.us/PDF/ese_notice_safeguards.pdf. This provides information about Exceptional Student Educational programs regarding: notice, meetings, independent evaluations, records, mediation, hearings, administrative law judges, due process hearing rights, appeals of due process, placement during due process hearings and appeals, attorney's fees, discipline including long term removals and interim alternative educational settings (IAES), consent and revocation, private school placements, local education agency complaints (LEA) and state education agency complaints (SEA).

Parental Notification of McKay Scholarship

Effective July 1, 2006, Florida Statute, Section 1002.39(5)(a)1, states that by April 1 of each year or within 10 days after an individual educational plan meeting out district must notify you of all available options. This includes informing you of the availability of the DOE toll free information hotline (1-800-447-1636) and internet website, www.floridaschoolchoice.org and offering the parents an opportunity to enroll the student in another public school within the district during the required time limit if the school is not closed or otherwise at capacity. This notice is one of several ways the district meets the Florida Statute requirements.

Notice of Request for Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Input

The Clay County Exceptional Student Education Department receives federal funding through the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). We solicit input from Parents, Administrators, Specialists, Teachers, Assistants, and ESE secretaries in developing our federal IDEA grants. Currently it is spent almost entirely for personnel. This includes over 150 assistants, 30 teachers, nurses, mental health counselors, secretaries, private school services, particularly speech therapy, and specialists. We also provide training for teachers and parents through the IDEA grants. Our current district goals include augmenting the autistic (ASD) program and training, and expanding PreK, InD and E/BD programs to more sites closer to home. Another goal is to increase specialized programs in the Oakleaf and Keystone areas and offering new VI/HI classes at additional grade levels.

For questions or additional information please contact the ESE Department at (904)284-6509.29

School District of Clay County

Student Responsible Use Guidelines for Technology

(Terms and Conditions for Use of Telecommunications and Networks - Reference School Board Policy 4.59)

The School District of Clay County makes a variety of communications and information technologies available to students through computer/network/Internet access. These technologies, when properly used, promote educational excellence in the District by facilitating resource sharing, innovation, and communication. Illegal, unethical or inappropriate use of these technologies can have devastating consequences, harming the District, its students and its employees. These Responsible Use Guidelines are intended to minimize the likelihood of such harm by educating District students and setting standards of use which will serve to protect the District. The District firmly believes that the advantages of having digital resources, information and interaction available on the computer/network/Internet far outweigh any disadvantages.

Mandatory Review. To educate students on proper computer/network/Internet use and conduct, students are required to review these guidelines at the beginning of each school year. All District students shall be required to acknowledge receipt and understanding of all guidelines governing use of the system and shall agree in writing to comply with said guidelines and to allow monitoring of their use of computers and other technology. The parent or legal guardian of a student user is required to acknowledge receipt and understanding of the District's Student Responsible Use Guidelines for Technology (hereinafter referred to as the Responsible Use Guidelines) as part of their review of the Student Code of Conduct handbook. Employees supervising students who use the District's computer/network/internet system must provide training emphasizing its appropriate use.

Definition of District Technology System. The District's computer systems and enterprise network are any configuration or combination of hardware and software. The system includes but is not limited to the following:

- · Telephones, cellular telephones, and voicemail technologies;
- Email accounts;
- Servers:
- · Computer hardware and peripherals;
- Software including operating system software and application software;
- · Digitized information including stored text, data files, email, digital images, and video and audio files;
- Internally or externally accessed databases, applications, or tools (Internet- or District-server based);
- District-provided Internet access;
- · District-filtered Wi-Fi; and
- New technologies as they become available.

Availability of Access

Acceptable Use. Computer/Network/Internet access will be used to enhance learning consistent with the District's educational goals. The District requires legal, ethical and appropriate computer/network/Internet use.

Privilege. Access to the District's computer/network/Internet is a privilege, not a right.

Access to Computer/Network/Internet. Access to the District's electronic communications system, including the Internet, shall be made available to students for instructional purposes. Each District computer has filtering software that blocks access to visual depictions that are obscene, pornographic, inappropriate for students, or harmful to minors, as defined by the federal Children's Internet Protection Act (CIPA). Filtered Internet access is provided to students as defined by CIPA.

Student Access. Computer/Network/Internet access is provided to all students unless parents or guardians submit a written request to the campus principal that access be denied. Student Internet access will be under the direction and guidance of a District staff member. Students may also be allowed to use the local network and Wi-Fi with campus permission.

Students 13 or younger. For students under the age of 13, the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act (COPPA) requires additional parental permission for student access to educational software tools. Parents wishing to deny access to these educational tools must submit a request in writing to the campus principal directing that their child should be denied access to these tools. These tools are accessed by the student through the District's student Webpage.

Security. A student who gains access to any inappropriate or harmful material is expected to discontinue the access and to report the incident to the supervising staff member. Any student identified as a security risk or as having violated the Responsible Use Guidelines may be denied access to the District's system. Other consequences may also be assigned. A student who knowingly brings prohibited materials into the school's electronic environment shall be subject to suspension of access to, and/or revocation of privileges on, the District's system and shall be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Board-approved Student Code of Conduct.

Content/Third-Party Supplied Information. Students and parents of students with access to the District's system should be aware that use of the system may provide access to other electronic communication systems in the global electronic network which may contain inaccurate and/or objectionable material.

Subject to Monitoring. District computer/network/Internet usage is not confidential and is subject to monitoring by designated staff at any time to ensure appropriate use. Students should not use the computer system to send, receive or store any information, including email messages, that they consider personal or confidential and wish to keep private. All electronic files, including email messages, transmitted through or stored in the computer system will be treated no differently than any other electronic file. The District reserves the right to access, review, copy, modify, delete or disclose such files for any purpose. Students should treat the computer system like a shared or common file system with the expectation that electronic files, sent, received or stored anywhere in the computer system, will be available for review by any authorized representative of the District for any purpose. Personal telecommunication devices used to connect with District computer/network/Internet systems are subject to examination in accordance with disciplinary guidelines if there is reason to believe that the Responsible Use Guidelines have been violated.

Student Computer/Network/Internet Responsibilities

District students are bound by all portions of the Responsible Use Guidelines. A student who knowingly violates any portion of the Responsible Use Guidelines shall be subject to suspension of access to, and/or revocation of privileges on, the District's system and shall be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Board-approved Student Code of Conduct.

Use of Social Networking/Digital Tools. Students may participate in District-approved social media learning environments related to curricular projects or school activities and use digital tools, including, but not limited to, mobile devices, blogs, discussion forums, RSS feeds, podcasts, wikis, and on-line meeting sessions as directed by a teacher or staff member. The use of blogs, wikis, podcasts, and other digital tools are considered an extension of the classroom. Verbal or written language that is considered inappropriate in the classroom is also inappropriate in all uses of blogs, wikis, podcasts, and other District-approved digital tools.

Use of System Resources. Students are directed to purge email or outdated files on a regular basis.

Password Confidentiality. Students are required to maintain password confidentiality by not sharing their password with others. A student may not use any another person's system account.

Reporting Security Problem. If knowledge of inappropriate material or a security problem on the computer/network/Internet is identified, the student shall immediately notify the supervising staff member. The inappropriate material/security problem shall not be shared with others.

Inappropriate Use

Inappropriate use of the District computer/network/internet system includes, but is not limited to, those uses that violate federal and state law, that are specifically named as violations in this document, that violate the rules of network etiquette, or that hamper the integrity or security of this computer/network/Internet system or any components that are connected to it. The following actions are considered inappropriate uses, are prohibited, and will result in suspension of access to, and revocation of the student's privileges on, the District's computer/network/Internet system.

- threatening, harassing, defamatory or obscene material;
- unauthorized use of copyrighted material;
- use of plagiarized material;
- · unauthorized use of material protected by trade secret; or
- accessing blog posts, Web posts, or discussion forum/replies posted to the Internet which violate federal or state law.

Tampering with or theft of components from District systems may be regarded as criminal activity under applicable state and federal laws. Any attempt to break the law through the use of a District computer/network/Internet account may result in prosecution against the offender by the proper authorities. If such an event should occur, the District will fully comply with the authorities to provide any information necessary for legal action.

Modification of Computer. Modifying or changing computer settings and/or internal or external configurations without District permission is prohibited.

Transmitting Confidential Information. Students may not redistribute or forward confidential information about themselves or any other student without District authorization. Confidential information should never be transmitted, redistributed or forwarded to individuals outside the District who are not expressly authorized by District personnel to receive the information. Revealing personal information about oneself or others, including, but not limited to, home addresses, phone numbers, email addresses, birthdates is prohibited.

Commercial Use. Use of the system for any type of income-generating activity is prohibited. Advertising the sale of products, whether commercial or personal is prohibited.

Marketing by Non-SDCC Organizations. Use of the system for promoting activities or events for individuals or organizations not directly affiliated with or sanctioned by the District is prohibited.

Vandalism/Mischief. Any malicious attempt to harm or destroy District equipment, materials or data; or the malicious attempt to harm or destroy data of another user of the District's system, or any of the agencies or other networks to which the District has access is prohibited. Deliberate attempts to degrade or disrupt system performance are violations of District policy and administrative regulations and may constitute criminal activity under applicable state and federal laws. Such prohibited activity includes, but is not limited to, the uploading or creating of computer viruses.

Vandalism as defined above is prohibited and will result in the cancellation of system use privileges. Students committing vandalism will be required to provide restitution for costs associated with system restoration and may be subject to other appropriate consequences as provided for in the Board-approved Student Code of Conduct.

Intellectual Property. Students shall, at all times, respect copyrights and trademarks of third-parties and their ownership claims in images, text, video and audio material, software, information and inventions. The copying, use, or transfer of others' materials without appropriate authorization prohibited.

Copyright Violations. Downloading or using copyrighted information without following approved District procedures is prohibited.

Plagiarism. Fraudulently altering or copying documents or files authored by another individual is prohibited.

Impersonation. Attempts to log on to the computer/network/Internet impersonating a system administrator or District employee, student, or individual other than oneself, will result in revocation of the student's access to computer/network/Internet.

Illegally Accessing or Hacking Violations. Intentional or unauthorized access or attempted access of any portion of the District's computer systems, networks, or private databases to view, obtain, manipulate, or transmit information, programs, or codes is prohibited.

File/Data Violations. Deleting, examining, copying, or modifying files and/or data belonging to other users, without their permission is prohibited.

System Interference/Alteration. Deliberate attempts to exceed, evade or change resource quotas are prohibited. Deliberately causing network congestion through mass consumption of system resources is prohibited.

Email and Communication Tools

Email and other digital tools including, but not limited to blogs and wikis, are tools used to communicate within the District. The use of these communication tools shall be limited to instructional, school-related activities, or administrative needs.

All students in grades 6-12 will be issued email accounts. Students should check email frequently, delete unwanted messages promptly, and stay within the email server space allocations. Email attachments are limited to 20MB or smaller. Internet access to personal email accounts is prohibited.

Students should keep the following points in mind:

Perceived Representation. Using school-related email addresses, blogs, wikis, and other communication tools might cause some recipients or other readers of the email to assume that the student's comments represent the District or school, whether or not that was the student's intention.

Privacy. Email, blogs, wikis, and other communication within these tools are not considered a private, personal form of communication. Private information, such as home addresses, phone numbers, last names, pictures, or email addresses, shall not be divulged. To avoid disclosing email addresses that are protected, all email communications to multiple recipients shall be sent using the blind carbon copy (bcc) feature.

Inappropriate Language. Using obscene, profane, lewd, vulgar, rude, inflammatory, threatening, or disrespectful language in emails, blogs, wikis, or other communication tools is prohibited. Sending messages, that could cause danger or disruption, including personal attacks, and prejudicial or discriminatory attacks, is prohibited.

Political Lobbying. Consistent with State ethics laws, District resources and equipment, including, but not limited to, emails, blogs, wikis, or other communication tools shall not be used to conduct any political activity, including political advertising or lobbying. This prohibition includes using District email, blogs, wikis, or other communication tools to create, distribute, forward, or reply to messages, from either internal or external sources, which expressly or implicitly support or oppose a candidate for nomination or election to either a public office or an office of a political party or which support or oppose an officeholder, a political party, or a measure (a ballot proposition). These guidelines prohibit direct communications as well as the transmission or forwarding of emails, hyperlinks, or other external references within emails, blogs, or wikis regarding any political advertising or other political or lobbying activity prohibited by this paragraph.

Forgery. Forgery or attempted forgery of email messages is prohibited. Attempts to read, delete, copy or modify the email of other system users, deliberate interference with the ability of other system users to send/receive email, or the use of another person's user ID and/or password is prohibited.

Junk Mail/Chain Letters. Students shall refrain from forwarding emails which do not relate to the educational purposes of the District. Chain letters or other similar emails intended for forwarding or distributing to others are prohibited.

Creating, distributing or forwarding any annoying or unnecessary message to a large number of people (spamming) is prohibited.

Student Email Accounts and Electronic Communication Tools

Electronic communication is an important skill for 21st Century students. By providing this tool, the District is equipping students with the skills necessary for success in the business. Students in grades 6 - 12 are given access to a District student email account. This account is set up with the student's user ID. Students must abide by the guidelines established at Email and Communication Tools. Student email accounts will be available for use by students in grades 6-12 while they are currently enrolled in the District. Parents wishing to deny access to District email must submit a request for such denial in writing to the campus principal. Project email accounts may be granted for educational activities for students in grades K-5 as deemed appropriate by, and at the request of, the District Administration. Student email accounts may be provided directly by the District, through the content management system of an approved online course, or through a District-approved provider.

Consequences of Agreement Violation

Any attempt to violate the provisions of this agreement may result in revocation of the student's access to the computer/network/Internet, regardless of the success or failure of the attempt. In addition, school disciplinary and/or appropriate legal action may be taken.

Denial, Revocation, or Suspension of Access Privileges. With just cause, the System Administrator and/or building principal, may deny, revoke, or suspend computer/network/Internet access as required, pending an investigation.

Failure to Adhere to Academic Integrity of Online Courses. Florida Statue 1002.321(5) states: It is unlawful for any person to knowingly and willfully take an online course or examination on behalf of another person for compensation. Any person who violates this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Warning

Sites accessible via the computer/network/Internet may contain material that is illegal, defamatory, inaccurate or controversial. Each District computer with Internet access has filtering software that blocks access to visual depictions that are obscene, pornographic, inappropriate for students, or harmful to minors, as defined by the federal Children's Internet Protection Act. The District makes every effort to limit access to objectionable material; however, controlling all such materials on the computer/network/Internet is impossible, even with filtering in place. With global access to computers and people, a risk exists that students may access material that may not be of educational value in the school setting.

Disclaimer

The District's system is provided on an "as is, as available" basis. The District does not make any warranties, whether expressed or implied, including, without limitation, those of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose with respect to any services provided by the system and any information or software contained therein. The District does not guarantee that the functions or services performed by, or that the information or software contained on the system will meet the system user's requirements, or that the system will be uninterrupted or error free, or that defects will be corrected.

Opinions, advice, services, and all other information expressed by system users, information providers, service providers, or other third-party individuals in the system are those of the providers and not the District.

The District will cooperate fully with local, state, or federal officials in any investigation concerning or relating to misuse of the District's electronic communications system.

USE OF STUDENT WORK, VIDEO, AND PHOTOGRAPHS

From time to time, students have the opportunity to be recorded, photographed, or display artwork. Some of these recordings, photographs, schoolwork or artwork may be archived, included in the local news, on the school's CCTV or web page, and may eventually air on the School District of Clay County educational channel or be used at local, state or national conferences.

If you have an objection to your student's work or name being used for any of the above purposes, or if you object to photographs or recordings of your student being used, you must notify the school of your objection, in writing, within 48 hours of your receipt of this information.

For your information, if your student is an exceptional education student, your explicit, written permission will be obtained prior to any media release which identifies your student by name, along with his exceptionality or exceptional placement designation.

RIGHTS OF DIVORCED PARENTS

Under current divorce laws "shared parental responsibility" awards both parents full rights to the child, although "primary physical residence" is awarded one parent or the other. Neither parent has priority over the other with regard to any aspect of the child's education and either parent has full and complete rights to pick up the children, to inquire about their school work, participate in school activities without priority to one or the other. The parent(s) should provide the school with a copy of the final court judgment to determine new shared responsibility concept. Additional court documents, such as injunctions or modifications to the final judgments, should be provided to the school immediately as these may limit the rights of a parent. In the event the parent who is not named as the primary residential custodian resides any place other than in Duval, Clay, St. Johns, Putnam, Alachua, Nassau, or Bradford counties in Florida, then that parent may not pick up or check out the child unless the parent who is the primary residential custodian informs the school in writing that such actions are acceptable.

Custody papers issued by a court outside the state of Florida will not be accepted at face value. Out-of-state documents must be domesticated through the Florida Courts.

PARENTAL CONCERNS REGARDING EMPLOYEES

The Clay County School Board recommends that parents who have a complaint about an employee begin by registering their concern directly with the employee in question, if possible. The vast majority of parental concerns are solved at this level. If not, parents are urged to contact the principal, district office staff, the Deputy Superintendent or the Superintendent to express their concerns.

Parents are often asked to put their concerns in writing. While this is not a requirement, it is often important, depending on the seriousness of the charge and the ultimate action proposed as the result of investigation.

It is not the school system's intent to discourage parental concerns by establishing complex procedures for registering them. It is our intent, however, to make certain that parents are heard, that their concerns are investigated, if appropriate, and that our employees' due process rights are protected.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

A number of teachers, administrators, parents, students and school board members contributed directly and indirectly to the development and revisions of this document.

MEMBERS OF THE 2013-2014 CODE OF CONDUCT REVIEW COMMITTEE

Christy D'Andrea Mike Elia Darlene Evans Christine Jump Matt Lewis Laura Mayberry

Phyllis Moses Adele Reed Cathy Richardson Lori Ricks Andrew Sadlo

34



THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CLAY COUNTY 2013-2014

Parent/Student Acknowledgements of Code of Student Conduct

Teacher Name (print)	Student Name (print)_		Grad	· ·
This code has been drawn up to help your son/daughter gain the greatest possible benefit from his/a experience. Parents/guardians have the responsibility for the actions of their children and should be in the education of their children. Students are responsible to be an active part of their school safet involvement in the reporting of potential violent acts. All students will sign annually when they have serviced in the major areas of the Code of Student. The teacher or administrator will house the signature of the school with the current emergency contact person and/or telephone numbers. They also responsibility to notify the school of anything (such as medical information) that may affect the ability to learn, to attend school regularly, or to take part in school activities. Parents should take special of the Attendance section of this Booklet as well as the Suspension and Expulsion provisions, which accordance with School Board Policy. The school system must have proof that every student and every parent/guardian has had a chance to the Code of Student Conduct. Signed acknowledgement must be part of every student's record. Your's means that you have received information about the Code of Conduct rules and have been made award to electronically access the Code of Student Conduct @ www.clay.kl2.fl.us. (It does not mean that your of disagree with them.) A printed copy of the Code of Conduct may be requested from your child's scholuse of Telecommunications and Networks, the Gun Free School Act of 1994, the Terms and Condit Use of Telecommunications and Networks, the Gun Free School Act of 1994, the Teacher's Auth Privacy Practices contained in this Student Code of Conduct. Failure to return this acknowledgement will not relieve a student or the Parent(s)/Guardian(s responsibility to know the contents of the Code of Student Conduct and will not excuse the stron-compliance with the Code of Student Conduct. Contact your local Principal or the District Student Services Department if you have questions or concerns	Teacher Name (print)_			
Tacking/guardian(s) need to become involved in the education of their children and have the response provide the school with the current emergency contact person and/or telephone numbers. They also responsibility to notify the school of anything (such as medical information) that may affect their ability to learn, to attend school regularly, or to take part in school activities. Parents should take species of the Attendance section of this Booklet as well as the Suspension and Expulsion provisions, which accordance with School Board Policy. The school system must have proof that every student and every parent/guardian has had a chance to the Code of Student Conduct. Signed acknowledgement must be part of every student's record. Your semans that you have received information about the Code of Conduct rules and have been made aware to electronically access the Code of Student Conduct @ www.clay.k12.flus. (It does not mean that your or disagree with them.) A printed copy of the Code of Conduct may be requested from your child's sche Parent(s)/guardian(s) should take special notice of the Zero Tolerance Policy, the Terms and Condit Use of Telecommunications and Networks, the Gun Free School Act of 1994, the Teacher's Auth Privacy Practices contained in this Student Code of Conduct. Failure to return this acknowledgement will not relieve a student or the Parent(s)/Guardian(s responsibility to know the contents of the Code of Student Conduct and will not excuse the stresponsibility to know the contents of the Code of Student Conduct and will not excuse the stresponsibility to know the contents of the Code of Student Conduct and will not excuse the stresponsibility to know the contents of the Code of Student Conduct and will not excuse the stresponsibility to know the contents of the Code of Student Conduct and will not excuse the stresponsibility to know the contents of the Code of Student Conduct Principal or the District Signature of Parent/Guardian Signature of Parent/Guardian Date	involvement in the reposerviced in the major are	children. Students are responsible rting of potential violent acts. All seas of the Code of Student. The teac	ain the greatest possible ben the actions of their children e to be an active part of the students will sign annually we ther or administrator will ho	and should be involved ir school safety through when they have been in-
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Signature of Student		Signature of Parent/Guardian		Date
Date		Signature of Student		Date



District Office Phone Directory

Directory Information Switchboard FROM: Green Cove Springs Area: (904) 284-6500 Orange Park/Middleburg Area: (904) 272-8100 Keystone Heights Area: Toll Free (888) 663-2529

www.clay.k12.fl.us

Administrative Offices (Extensions are to be used with main switchboard numbers listed above.)

Adult & Community Education Applied Technology Business Affairs/Insurance Elementary Education Exceptional Student Education Food Services Human Resources	ext. 5900574 ext. 5900549 ext. 5900925	Instructional Support Services Professional Development Public Relations Secondary Education Student Services Superintendent Transportation	ext. 5900508 ext. 5900993 ext. 5900904 ext. 5900926 ext. 5900511 ext. 5900510 ext. 5900594
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After Hours Transportation Dispatcher (until 6:00pm)

272-8159, 284-6500 ext. 5900895 or toll free (888) 663-2529 ext. 5900895

Clay County School Board

District 1 District 2 District 3 District 4 District 5	Janice Kerekes Carol Studdard Tina Bullock Johnna McKinnon Lisa Graham	(904) 571-9618 (904) 264-9649 (352) 494-3454 (904) 610-1080 (904) 282-3043
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